THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1871. [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 70

Evening Edition.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1871.

☞ See Fourth Page, for interesting Reading

Charleston.

From the office of the Board of Health of the above city, a card has been issued for the purpose of counteracting the effect of exciting rumors as to the sanitary condition of the city. A similar card will be issued during the continuance of the yellow fever in Charleston, and the weekly bills of mortality will specify the diseases. In the bill of mortality during the week ending August 26th, the deaths by yellow fever are three, one white female (grown,) one white female child, and one colored woman. The total number of deaths during the week were 27.

Georgia Matters.

The City Council of Savannah, by a full vote, have subscribed $10,000 to the stock of the Georgia Industrial Association, this inures a Fair in November. Savannah has ugus officials attached to one or two of her ttices offices.

Savannah is to have a gay theatrical season winter. German and English Opera; t. Forrell Sisters; the Oates and Thompson] troupes; Jauanschek; the Wyndam Comedy Company, and the Lingard party; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Watkins, also the Chapman Sisters.—*Morning News.*

The Empire Boat Club, of Macon, have received from New York, their paper scull boat. There seems to be something wrong in the assessment of property in Macon. False returns made. The whole town put down at one-third, or at highest, about one-half what it is really worth.—*Macon Telegraph and Messenger.*

A negro man was found floating in the Oostanaula river, above Resacca, last Sunday. Presumed to be a case of accidental drowning. The recent Murray County Camp Meeting was one of more than usual interest. Heavy and constant rains have fallen in Catoosa county. Trevitt Hall in Dalton has been neatly fitted.—*Dalton Citizen.*

The shipping in port at Savannah were at half mast Wednesday as a token of respect to Captain Hapenny, of the brig Selma, who died on Tuesday. The Magnolia brought from New York to Savannah a roving band of twenty-one Gipseys, men, women and children; a majority of the party are stout men. The band have with them five horses, two colts and two dogs.—*Daily Advertiser.*

Mrs. M. A. Frederic, of Augusta, died last Tuesday. An order has been issued in Augusta requiring every hog to be removed from the city. Dr. M. J. Jones, of Augusta, has been appointed quarantine inspector under the regulations adopted by the Board of Health and the City Council, to prevent the introduction of yellow fever from Charleston.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

The revivals at the Baptist and Methodist churches in Griffin are still increasing in interest. Dr. T. H. Butler, of Texas, but formerly of Griffin, is dead. A two-thirds cotton crop is a big estimate at present for Spalding and surrounding counties. William Brown, son of Flem Brown, of Pike county, killed a negro man near Flat Shoals, last Sunday. Templeton has a company giving entertainments at George's Hall, at Griffin.—*Griffin Star.*

Humphries, under sentence of death for killing his son at Kingston, who escaped jail in Cartersville, has been recaptured. It is stated that he had shot at his wife three times since he broke jail. The new Methodist church in Cartersville is going up rapidly, and will be a superb edifice when completed. Colonel Akin is able to be out again after a two months sickness. He has lost three children, and came near losing two more with diptheria. Mrs J. J. Howard, of Cartersville, is recovering from an attack of diptheria. The new jail in the above town is well secured to prevent its inmates from escaping justice. Weeds and grass now trouble the farmers of Bartow county. Cartersville is steadily increasing.—*Cartersville Express.*

An enormous quantity of rain fell in Gordon county last week. County Fair next Tuesday. Business is becoming brisk in Calhoun. Improvements are going on, and the health of the town is good. Mrs. Mary Bosz, of Calhoun, is dead. Quite a large number of people attended the railroad barbecue meeting in Gordon county last Monday. The object of the meeting was in regard to building a railroad from Calhoun to Morgantown. Governor Joseph E. Brown's address was marked by sound, common sense, and practical reasoning. Col. Hulbert's speech abounded with statistics. Col. R. W. Long preached. Dr. F. King has engaged a train of cars for an excursion party, who will visit Atlanta the 15th of September. [*Calhoun Times.*

The Switches that are Worn by our Belles.

The first switches were made in Central Falls, Rhode Island, by a workman in one of the flux mills. For a long time all that were used—the number of which at first were quite small—were made there. Afterward a firm in Providence commenced the manufacture, under the style of the Japan Switch Company, manufacturing largely. The price then was from $7 to $9, realizing a large profit to the manufacturer.

Switches then retailed at $1 50 to $2, are now sold at 25 to 37 cents. Several parties tarted in this city employing from ten to forty men each. Some idea of the amount manufactured can be found from the experience of the largest of our city manufacturers, employing forty men hackling and finishing the jute, and fifty or sixty girls in the manufacture of chignons, using ten bales of the hundred pounds each and three thousand pounds of hair per day.

The above firm used over six hundred bale(180,000 pounds) in less than three months, at times producing 350 dozen per day's switches alone. A great outcery has been made against this material on the score of that inhabitants, and especially in the State Maine the prejudice was so strong that it could not be sold at all. But not an inst was ever discovered by this firm, and the jute is as clean, or more so than human hair in the course of manufacture.

There is also many switches made of fine glazed cotton thread, also of silk dyed without washing out the gum, which gives it the nearest resemblance to hair of any article used. Most of this hair silk is woven the same as rib-ons, and afterward braided like wool into queues. Jute in a great measure superseded is article, owing to its extreme cheapness. t one time during last summer the stock in arket was almost entirely used up from immense quantities used for this purpose, caus it to advance nearly fifty per cent, in pce.—*Boston Post.*

nswer This!

If the South overrun by Ku-Klux, and these Ku-Kluxre chasing and hanging negroes all over to South, how did it happen that such an luxeme cotton crop was raised and secured lastrear? How does it happen that the prospects so fine this season? The convenient witsses before the Ku-Klux Committee haveot deposed, and dare not depose, that negies have been driven from the fields by Ku-lux, or that planting operations have been terfered with in a solitary instance. The wole thing is a monstrous falsehood, born i rascality and nurtured in corruption. Upo the forehead of the pretense that the negoes of the South are maltreated by an orgalization known as the Ku-Klux, and ramifyig all over the South, the lie should be buried bone deep—so deep that no probe could sond it, and no art erase it. It is time to speak ot on this subject.—*Memphis Ledger.*

☞ The Governor of Montana desires more troops to protct the settlers against murder, scalping, ture, and other Indian barbarities. The Secretary of War replies at none can be furnished on account of the smallness of the force of troops available. True, most true. The troops are ted at New Orleans and elsewhere to keep the Grant Republicans out of Republican Convention.—*N. Y. Sun.*

The Late Mr. Vallandigham.

A writer, who is, we presume, the Hon. James W. Wall, of New Jersey, in a tribute to the late Clement L. Vallandigham, says: "Never did the force of the text, 'What is your life: it is even a vapor that appeareth for a little, and then vanisheth away,' strike us more solemnly than when we read the announcement of our friend's sudden death. It was only a few weeks ago that we were with him in New York, discussing together the points of the platform which has since caused so much excitement under the misnomer of 'The New Departure.' He was in full robust strength, his eye was flashing with intellectual fire, and his cheek glowed with the ruddiest hues of health. As we parted from him, we said: 'Be careful you do not fall, for failure now would be fatal;' and the answer came back in those full and old familiar tones; 'I know no such word as fail, for it finds no place in my dictionary. I shall fight the coming contest in Ohio with an earnestness and determination such as I have never exhibited before, and I rely upon your promise 'to come over and help us.' But alas for the vanity of all human expectations and human projects—the strong man, with twenty-five years of vigorous life in him, whose constitution never had been impaired by the excesses that overthrow so many, and who uttered these brave words, to-day lies clothed in the garments of the tomb—a shrouded corpse in the midst of that once happy home in Dayton, where he was so long the light and glory."

Grant and Victory.

For the last fiscal year Grant spent $441,812,960to administer the government for forty millions of people. Queen Victoria during the same period expended $360,500,000 in governing two hundred millions of people as follows:

GREAT BRITAIN.	
For army	$ 77,500,000
For navy	55,000,000
Interest and principal of debt	134,000,000
All other purposes	94,000,000
	$360,500,000

UNITED STATES.	
For army	$ 35,800,000
For navy	19,423,000
Interest and principle of debt	246,311,000
All other purposes	141,250,000
	$442,912,000

When we contemplate the vast difference in extent of country and capital this contrast becomes more astonishing. The moneyed capital of the city of London vastly exceeds the assessed value of all kinds of property in the United States. Her territory is eight times as large as ours, her foreign commerce four times as great, and still her expenses are $47,300,000 less than ours.—*Chicago Democrat.*

Still going On.

The railroads of the North keep up the work of slaughter right bravely. On the night of the 26th, twenty one passengers were killed outright only seven miles from Boston, and forty or fifty were wounded. On the Philadelphia and Erie road, on the same day, a collision occurred, resulting in the killing and wounding of many persons. We progress! They do not progress in Europe as we do. And then, the cholera is coming, and yellow fever is epidemic in Charleston. With our railroads, steamboats, six-shooters and the scourges now threatening us, we shall not lack the instruments of depopulation. No wonder we cry out for immigrants. The law of population is not far in advance of depopulation. We want people from the other side of the Atlantic. We can offer them lands, labor and ultimate independence. But can we offer them security of life? Some foolish foreigners may conclude that it is better to starve at home than be slaughtered in America.—*Ledger.*

Anecdote of Colonel Johnson.

N. Y. Commercial Advertiser Long Branch Letter.

A friend of my friend Colonel Battle, of North Carolina, is the best story-teller at the Branch. He's descended from Colonel Johnson, and has a yarn about him. You've heard of Colonel Johnson havn't you? What! Never heard of Colonel Johnson? Then just as soon as you get sober go home and ask your father who Colonel Johnson was; he'll tell you. Why everybody knew Johnson. Johnson was the Kaiser of the Southern turf in good old days when Fashion (I mean the horse) was a baby, and ere Flora Temple had been spoken. Well, he used to come North sometimes, and when the famous horse Boston passed into his possession, he took him over to the Long Island Course and matched him against Fashion. There was an awful crowd. All the sporting men, far and near, were there, and the Colonel went all he could beg, borrow or steal on Boston. He even wanted to stake the clothes on his back. Sad, however, to say, Fashion won the race. While standing in the crowd, brooding over his hard luck, the Colonel felt the hand of a pickpocket thrust into his waistcoat. Without making any motion to arrest the would-be thief, he exclaimed, "Oh pick away. You're welcome. Boston's beaten."

THE N. Y. DAYBOOK ON THE SITUATION. And this Government—this bogus Congress and nigger-elected President, representing less than one fourth of the American people—ruleing the land as absolutely and unquestionably as the Czar rules Russia, or the Sultan Turkey, and the great, stolid, overworked, and rapidly pauperized workingmen of the North, in this year of grace, are actually taxed some four hundred millions to keep the accursed thing afloat! Well, they fought for a Government, and they have got a Government with a vengeance—a Government that loads them down with four hundred million of taxes, and that is propped up by a standing army the most expensive in Christendom.

☞ Light hair makes the eyes look brilliant by contrast. So, by and by, when the eye becomes dimmed by age, God paints the hair white, and the dimness of the eye is unperceived. Look at a man or woman with dyed hair! The eye is as dead as that of a sleeping ox. And still those silly people think they are deceiving somebody—think that they are making themselves look younger, when, in fact, everybody with a particle of sense discounts their foolish attempt at deception. Powdering the hair gives the eye an unnatural brilliancy, hence it is frequently resorted to in court circles in Europe. But, as a general thing, young gentlemen and old don't try to improve on divinity. God knows best what to do, and when he silvers your hair with white, or paints your mustache with auburn, He has a purpose.—*Register.*

☞ The New York Sun says: Never before in the history of the United States was there an Administration so utterly shameless as that of General Grant. Never before were the public conscience and the public sense of decency so ignominiously insulted. Never before had we a President so indifferent to right and wrong that he could appoint a convicted bribe-taker to high office under his administration, and not only keep him in power after his true character had been revealed, but promote him to other places of distinction where he could gain still greater riches by similar acts of venality and fraud.

EXTRAORDINARY IMMIGRATION.—"Still they come' in greater number from the Old World to the New. Immigration has been very large this summer, and now, at the time of year when there is usually some falling off, the tide seems to be swelling. On Sunday there arrived at this port about two thousand immigrants, and yesterday several large steamers came freighted with augmenting numbers. As this flute our population and industrial development are likely to increase beyond at anticipation.—*New York Herald.*

GRANT MONARCHY.—No greater outrage upon popular rights and Republican institutions was ever perpetrated in Mexico, and it shows plainly that Grant is capable of any usurpation that he deem necessary to insure his own re-election. And it proves that Gen. Blair well understood the character of Grant when, in 1868, he predicted that ever elected, he would use the army to keep himself in power.—*N. H. Patriot.*

☞ Mr. Sage borrowed a candle of a beautiful young lady. The next morning she found under her door these beautiful lines:

"You gave me a candle; I give you my thanks,
And add as a compliment justly your due—
There is not a girl in these feminine ranks
Who could, if she would, hold a candle to you."

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 1.—The ship, Richard Robinson, from Liverpool, reports that on August 29th the bark, Alice Campbell, from Guttenburg for Philadelphia, loaded with iron, was in a sinking condition, from a collision with the ship Hamilton Fish. The crew has been brought here.

The Union Republican says the General Committee met, with Greeley as President, and fixed a day for holding primary elections. No other business was transacted.

Pane Bulgar, aged 64, was beaten to death by three ruffians on the corner of 14th avenue and A street.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, September 1.—Daniel S. Miller, suspected of robbing his employees, wounded a detective and killed himself.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, September 1.—The daughter of a prominent Boston merchant drowned while bathing at Newport.

PENNSYLVANIA.

ERIE, September 1.—Isaac Rosenweig, a wealthy citizen, has been convicted of selling forged tickets over the Erie Road.

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX, September 1.—Seven started for the single scull race. Sadler, of the Tyne crew, won by two lengths. Brown, of the Halifax crew, was second and Kelly third.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, September 1.—Two negroes and one white man have just been hanged by a mob at Caseyville for outraging the person of a white woman in that vicinity. Five men were concerned in the outrage, which was of a horrible character. The others had been executed in some manner soon after the commission of the offense.

KANASAS.

TOPEKA, September 1.—A tornado passed over Labette county, Kansas, on Sunday night, demolishing two houses and moving several others. A Mr. Scott and daughter was killed.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 1.—The Second Mate of the American ship Rochester has been committed to jail in Liverpool, charged with shooting a sailor, the alleged leader of a mutiny, which compelled the vessel to put into Queenstown.

A naval court martial has been ordered to investigate the accident which placed the ironclad Repulse aground at Ihernese.

FRANCE

VERSAILLES, September 1.—The powers of Europe have sent congratulatory dispatches to Thiers upon his prolongation term.

Advices from the departments say the people generally approve the prolongation.

It is believed that prolongation will greatly facilitate German evacuation of French soil.

Larcy has withdrawn his resignation as minister of public works.

Telegraphic Markets.

CINCINNATI, September 1.—Cotton steady but quiet; low middlings 17½; middlings 18½. Whisky active and firm at 90. Flour dull and declining; superfine $4 62½; extra $5 37½; family $5 62½. Corn quiet but steady; nixed shelled 54. Oats steady with good demand; prime mixed 34a36. Mess pork heavy and declining at $12 50. Bacon steady but quiet; shoulders 6½; clear rib sides 7½; clear sides 7¾. Hams steady with good demand; sugar-cured 14a15. Bulk meats dull and neglected; shoulders 5; clear rib sides 6¼; clear sides 6¾. Lard neglected and nominal; city kettle rendered 8¾. Wheat firm; prime red $1 19. Bagging strong at 20.

NEW YORK, September 1.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 19½; sales 609 bales.

Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn nominally unchanged. Pork steady at $13 50a13 62. Lard quiet. Turpentine quiet at 52. Rosin quiet at $3 15a3 25 for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks very strong and active, especially Northwestern. Gold firm at 12¼a12¼. Governments firm but steady. State bonds dull but heavy. Money firm at 3. Exchange—long 9¼; short 9¾.

LONDON, September 1, noon.—Consols 93⅛. Bonds 93⅜.

FRANKFORT, September1.—Bonds 95¼.

PARIS, September 1.—Bullion in the Bank of France has decreased thirty-eight million francs.

LIVERPOOL, September 1, noon. — Cotton opened firm; uplands 9¼a9½; Orleans 9¼a9¾. sales 15,000 bale-; of the week 124,000; export 11,000; speculation 31,000; stock on hand 561,000; American 249,000; receipts of the week 47,000; American 7,000; actual export 7,000; stock afloat 488,000; American 67,000. Red winter wheat 10s 11d.

Educational.

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta Georgia.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

Rev. DAVID WILLS, D. D. President and Professor of Belles Lettres and Sacred Literature.
GUSTAVUS J. ORR, Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy.
Rev. DONALD FRASER, A. M., Professor of Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.
W. LECONTE STEVENS, A. B., Professor of Natural Sciences.
Rev. T. A. HOYT, Professor of Metaphysics and Logic.
(To be supplied) Professor of Modern Languages.
J. A. RICHARDSON, Professor of Natural Philosophy and Principal of High school.

Atlanta is one of the healthiest cities in the United States. Good board can be had at from $16 to $18 per month.

There will be two terms in the College, the first commencing

First Monday in October,

AND ENDING

The 25th of February;

The second beginning the FIRST MONDAY IN MARCH and ending JULY 6.

Terms of Tuition—Seventy-five Dollars per annum, half in advance. aug27-d3w&wlt

Georgia Female College.

LEGISLATIVE CHARTER GRANTED IN 1849.

REV. GEO. Y. BROWNE, President.

THE next academic year begins on Monday, September 18th. An electic cl-ss has been formed for the benefit of those graduates who may wish still further to improve themselves, or to prepare for teaching. New Patent Arion Square Grand Pianos are used. Expenses are as moderate as in other similar institutes. For further particulars address the President.

Madison, July 29, 1871. aug1-d3w&w2m

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

S. D. McCONNELL, Attorney at Law. Office over S. Phillips & Crew's Bookstore, corner Marietta and Peachtree streets, Atlanta, Georgia. P. O. Box 143. july30-d3m

PEEPLES & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law, Atlanta Ga. Office No. 24, H. I. Kimball House.
C. PEEPLES. E. P. HOWELL.
july16-d1y

DR. WM. HENRY CUMMING, having removed to Atlanta, offers to the public his Medical Services. Office over Phillips & Crews' Book Store corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets. Residence in the same building. july1-d3m

DRS. LOVE & INGRAHAM, office Powell Hall, Junction Peachtree and Broad streets, (residence and house office) corner Ivy street, near Houston. P. O. Box 142.
WM. ADAIR LOVE, M. D. E. P. INGRAHAM, M. D.
feb21-d1y

DR. R. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin & Boynton's, Whitehall street Atlanta, Georgia. jan7-dly

Buy the Telegraph Feed Cutter.

IT is the most durable and simplest in the market. For sale in Georgia, only by

aug28—d1m NICHOLS & WILSON.

Educational.

THE MISSES LANE

WILL OPEN A

Boarding School for Young Ladies,

IN NEW YORK CITY, ON

Wednesday, September 20th, 1871.

For reference or circular apply to Dr. J. F. Bozeman, Atlanta, Ga. july15—d3m

HOME SCHOOL

FOR

YOUNG LADIES,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

Madame S. Bosnowski, Principal.

THE regular exercises of this School will be resumed on

Monday, September 18th, 1871,

Scolastic Year closing July 1st, 1872.

For circulars and further particulars apply to the Principal. aug5-d1m

"ELECTIC INSTITUTE,"

Baltimore,

37 and 39 Mt. Vernon Place.

MRS. LETITIE TYLER SEMPLE.....PRINCIPAL.

THIS School will open as usual, on the 18th of September, 1871, and close June 25th, 1872. Number limited to 40. The summer session begins the 17th of April, every year, and pupils may be entered, either for the half session, closing 1st September, or for full scholastic session, closing first week in February.

For particulars apply to the Principal.
july12—deod2m

HOGANSVILLE INSTITUTE,

(MALE AND FEMALE.)

THE FALL TERM of this Institution will open on the 14th of August, and continue four Scholastic months.

Board and Tuition not to be Paid till the Close of the Term.

BOARD, PER MONTH.....$12 50.

Tuition, per Term, from.....$13 to $35.

Music upon any instrument (10 lessons per month) $30 per term.

For circular, address GEO. C. LOONEY,
Hogansville,
july18—d2m Georgia.

NORTH GEORGIA FEMALE COLLEGE,

IVY STREET,

Between Wheat and Line Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

FALL SESSION opens September 4th, 1871. For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply at the Book and Music Stores, or at the College.

A. J. & ANNIE D. HAILE,
july23—d2m Principals.

REV. B. A. BONNHEIM'S

English and German School,

WILL be re-opened on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER, (4th,) in which the usual branches of an English education are taught, and in which, also, special attention is paid to the German Language.

Price of Tuition is $5, $4 and $3, in advance, per month, according to the branches taught in the respective classes.

Rev. B. A. Bonnheim will be assisted in the English Department by Mrs. L. C. Sender, the daughter of Rev. H. Bokum, in whose school her success as instructress in the English branches has been well established. aug24—d1m

NORWOOD HIGH SCHOOL,

VIRGINIA.

Session 1871-72.

WILLIAM D. CABELL, (University of Virginia) Principal.
F. Key Meade, (University of Virginia) Instructor in Ancient Languages.
Henry A. Strode, (Math Medalist, University of Virginia, Session 1867-68) Instructor in Mathematics.
Robert L. Harrison, M. A., (University of Virginia) Instructor in Modern Languages, English, etc.
———, Assistant Instructor in Languages and English.
William L. Akers, Instructor in Book-keeping.

THIS SCHOOL will open September 20, 1871, and close June 20, 1872.

Students desiring information relative to this School, or proposing to enter, will make application at once to

WILLIAM D. CABELL, Principal,
Norwood P. O., Va.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA, May 2, 1870.

We take pleasure in recommending "Norwood School" to the confidence of the public. The Principal, Mr. William D. Cabell, is a gentleman of energy, of great moral worth, and of. ripe scholarship. Under his judicious management the School, as one of Thorough Training for Boys, has achieved an unwonted but well merited success. Mr. Cabell is assisted by a Corps of Instructors, most of whom are Alumni of this University. They are gentlemen of high character, of thorough scholarship and earnestly devoted to the work of teaching.

Having had the opportunity (if testing the character of instruction given at Norwood School, we do not hesitate to recommend it as a High School of the first-rank.

S. Maupin, William E Peters,
J. L. Cabell, Geo. Fred'k Holmes,
John B. Minor, B. L. Gildersleeve,
F. H. Smith, M. Schele De Vere,
Chas. S. Venable, J. S. Davis.
july20-d2m.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GA.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL SESSION of this Institution will open on Monday, October, 2d, 1871, with the following

FACULTY:

Rev JOHN M. BONNELL, D. D., President and Professor of Mental and Moral Science and Logic.
Rev. COSBY W. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.
Rev. WILLIAM C. BASS, A. M., Professor of Natural Science.
C. SCHWARTZ, A. M., Professor of Modern Languages and Latin.
Mrs. ALICE CULLEN COBB, Assistant in Literary Department.
Miss JULIA O. SIMS, Assistant in Literary Department.
Miss LAURA A. BARKSDALE, Assistant in Literary Department, and Teacher of Calisthenics.
ALBERT N. WHITNEY, Professor of Music.
Mrs JULIA R. WHITNEY, Assistant in Music.
Miss MARIA KING, Assistant in Music.
Miss JANE KENNEDY, Assistant in Music.
Mrs. K. T. CROWE, Teacher of Drawing and Painting, and Assistant in Music.

TERMS PER ANNUAL SESSION.

☞ *Payable Quarterly in Advance.* ☜

Tuition in the Regular Course	$90 00
Tuition in the Preparatory Class	67 50
Incidental fee (paid by Day-scholars)	5 00
Board (including Fuel, Washing and Lights)	225 00
Latin, Gymnastics and Class-singing without additional charge.	

OPTIONAL BRANCHES.

French	$30 00
German or Spanish variable according to number in class.	
Instruction on Piano or Melodeon in the highest class	75 00
Instruction in the less advanced class	60 00
Use of Piano, one hour per day	12 00
Use of Melodeon, one hour per day	6 00
Special Vocal Lessons (single)	75 00
Special Vocal Lessons in sets, from	$24 to 40 00
Instruction in Drawing	45 00
Instruction in Oil Painting	60 00

New pupils charged from the beginning of the month in which they enter, except for board when the entrance is after the middle of the month.

For further information address the President.

C. W. SMITH,
aug31—d til oct1 Secretary Faculty.

Martha Washington College,

ABINGDON, VIRGINIA.

R. W. JONES, M. A. (University of Virginia,) President and Prof. of Latin and Higher Mathematics.

Rev. W. G. E. CUNNYNGHAM, D. D., Treasurer and Prof. Moral Philosophy, &c., with NINE other Professors and Assistants.

THE next session will begin on Monday 4th October, 1871. The Course of Education in this College is as full as that of any institution in this country for Young Ladies. Instrumental (Piano and Guitar) and Vocal Music taught by the most accomplished Masters; Drawing and Painting by a talented Artist.

Buildings commodious, elegant and well furnished; grounds large and healthy; Library of 1,500 vols. on the College premises; Philosophical Apparatus; 35 miles of Railroad, and the mountains and mineral waters of South-western Virginia. The College possesses all the requisites of location, buildings and apparatus to secure the highest degree of success.

Board and Tuition in English and Latin, for Twenty Weeks, from $57 to $65, according to grade. For Catalogue, or information, apply to the President, or Rev. Dr. Cunnyngham.

aug20—d2m

Educational.

Oglethorpe University.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to all persons expecting to patronize the University Preparatory School, that it will be opened at the usual time for the reception of pupils.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

J. S. WILSON, President
aug6—dtf Board of Trustees.

LUCY COBB INSTITUTE,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

MRS. A. E. WRIGHT, (Late of Augusta, Georgia,) PRINCIPAL.

WILL OPEN ON THE THIRTEENTH DAY OF September, 1871, with a full corps of Teachers.

For circulars and further information, apply to the Principal or JOHN H. NEWTON, President.

LAMAR COBB, Secretary Board of Trustees.
aug26-d2tawlw

Kirkwood Academy.

CHAS. M. NEAL.....PRINCIPAL.

THE first session of this School will commence on the 15th September. It is offered to the public as a Select School, where boys may be trained under the best social and moral influences. The course of instruction is preparatory to the different Colleges in the State.

For further information apply to Board of Trustees, at Kirkwood. aug22—d3w

UNIVERSITY OF Nashville, Tennessee.

FOUNDED--1785.

THE Collegiate Department and Academy open FOURTH SEPTEMBER, 1871, under Military Discipline. Tuition—Board, washing, etc., from $150 to $175 per term.

The LAW department opens FOURTH OCTOBER, 1871. Tuition—$40 per term. Apply to

GEN. E. KIRBY SMITH,
aug27-d2w&w1t Chancellor.

Atlanta Male and Female HIGH SCHOOL,

JUNCTION WHITEHALL AND FORSYTH STS.

THIS SCHOOL, located in one of the most pleasant, accessible, and desirable portions of the city, will be re-opened on MONDAY, 28th of August, 1871.

A large and well ventilated Hall will be added to the present building, for the Female department, making the two departments entirely separate and distinct.

A beautiful and inviting common, so necessary and well adapted to the beautiful and athletic exercises of the students, is directly in front of the school rooms.

The Male and Female Departments will be divided into three classes: Primary, Intermediate and Classical.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.—In this division of the school will be taught Orthography, Reading, Writing, Mental Arithmetic, and Elementary Geography.

Rates of Tuition per Scholastic Month, in advance.....$5 00
With Music..... 8 00
Music..... 5 00

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.—The branches taught are Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, Geography, English Composition, and Familiar Science.

The instruction will be thorough and practical, causing the student to realize, in his examinations, the business of life.

Rates of Tuition per Scholastic Month, in advance.....$5 00
With Music..... 10 00
Music..... 5 00

CLASSICAL DEPARTMENT.—In this department students will be prepared for any class in college they may wish to enter. The course of instruction will embrace all those branches usually taught in the Collegiate Institutions of the country; Latin, Greek, French, the Higher Mathematics, together with Commercial Arithmetic and Book-Keeping.

Rates of Tuition per Scholastic Month, in advance.....$ 6 00
With Music..... 11 00
Music..... 6 00

The several departments will be under the immediate supervision of the Principals, who will devote whatever of energy and ability they may possess, to the discipline, culture and advancement of their pupils.

The government of the school will be kind, uniform, and decided; resort to force being made only when appeals to the pride, self-respect, and honor of the students in vain, or in extraordinary cases. The Female Department will recite to the Male Principals. No deduction will be made for absence unless in case of protracted sickness. Any person not connected with the school may receive instruction in Music, at the regular rate.

W. M. BRAY, A. M.,
W. S. HAWS, A. M. } Principals.

Mrs. M. E. ROBINSON, } Principals in the Female
Instructress in Music. } Department.
Mrs. W. M. BRAY, }
aug22—d1f

MERCER UNIVERSITY, Macon, Ga.

THE next Term WILL OPEN in Macon, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1871; and the collegiate year will extend to the First Wednesday in July, 1872, with a vacation of one week at Christmas. Plans for a suite of elegant buildings are now preparing, and they will be pushed to an early completion. Very valuable additions have been recently made to the chemical and philosophical apparatus.

Tuition for the collegiate year, $100; Board, including lodging, fuel and lights, in good private families, ranges from $25 to $36 per month.

For further information apply to Professor J. E. WILLET, Penfield, Ga., until October 1st; and at all times, to Rev. H. C. HORNADY, General Agent, LaGrange, Ga.

FACULTY:

REV. J. L. M. CURRY, LL. D., President (elect) and Professor of Systematic Theology, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy.
SHELTON P. SANFORD, A. M., Professor of Mathematics, Civil Engineering and Astronomy.
JOSEPH E. WILLET, A. M., M. D., Professor of Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology and Botany.
WILLIAM G. WOODFIN, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages.
REV. JOHN J. BRANTLY, D. D., Professor of Theology, Belles Lettres and Modern Languages.
D. E. BUTLER, President Board of Trustees.
S. LANDRUM, Secretary Board of Trustees.
july29—d til oct1

UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

MATTHEW F. MAURY, LL. D., President.
W. S. WYMAN, A. M. Professor of Latin.
W. J. VAUGHN, A. M., Professor of Applied Mathematics.
B. F. MEEK, A. M., Professor of English Literature.
D. S. PECK, A. M., Professor of Pure Mathematics.
GEN. GEO. P. HARRISON, Professor of Military Engineering and Commandant.
A. S. GARNETT, M. D., Professor of Natural History and Surgeon.
REV. TELFAIR HODGSON, A. M., Professor of Moral Philosophy.
W. A. PARKER, Ph. D., Professor of Greek.
J. C. GRISWOLD, Ph. D., Professor of Modern Languages.
N. T. LUPTON, A. M., professor of Chemistry.
E. SMITH, Ph. D., Professor of Geology and Mineralogy.

1. The plan of Instruction adopted for the reorganization of the University, is that of Independent Schools.

2. The discipline will be that of the best military institutions of the country, under the direction of the President and Commandant.

3. An application for admission into the lowest class in the Institution, must pass a satisfactory examination on English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic; and for admission into an advanced class, must satisfy the Professor in each school into which he proposes to enter, of his ability to profit by the instruction to be given.

4. The scholastic year is divided into two terms. The first begins on the first Wednesday in October, and continues to the second Wednesday in February. The second begins at the close of the first, and continues to the last Wednesday of June following.

5. The mode of instruction is by Lectures and Text Books, accompanied by daily examinations.

6. EXPENSES.—The following charges include every necessary expense per session of nine months, half of which must be paid at the beginning of each term:

Tuition	$ 50 00
Board and Lodging	150 00
Washing	18 00
Fuel, Lights and Attendance	18 00
Hospital Fee	10 00
Matic Fee	5 00
Total	$251 00

7. The estimated annual cost of Clothing, including Uniform, which can be purchased of the Quartermaster, is one hundred dollars. Bills for clothing to be furnished each Cadet to deposit with the Treasurer ($50 00) at the beginning of each session, with the understanding that they will pay for what is furnished, and the balance will be paid over to him at the end of the year. A strict account will be kept of the expenses, and, if they shall prove to be less than the sum indicated, the balance will be paid over to him at the end of the year. Cadets will be required to keep up their clothes until the first session ends.

8. The Cadet may bring with him the usual supply of under clothing; of outside clothing, he should bring none excepting the suit he wears.

9. One Cadet from each county will be admitted into the University free of tuition fee, upon the recommendation of the County Superintendent of Education, and appointed by the Executive Committee of the University.

10. Persons desiring further information on the subject of the University, will make application to Prof. W. S. WYMAN, Chairman of the Executive Committee, at Tuscaloosa, Ala.

JOSEPH HODGSON,
aug1-d3t oct1 President of Board of Regents.

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GENERAL BARNES—CAPTAIN MALLORY.
SATURDAY'S SHIPS—SAN SALVADOR—CAPTAIN NICKERSON.
MAGNOLIA—CAPTAIN PALMER.

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Fare from Atlanta to new York $27.50.

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The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1871.

Subscribe to The Constitution.

Parties spending a part or the entire season at the various springs, or other summer resorts through the country, can have THE CONSTITUTION sent to them by addressing a line to this office.

A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

New Subscribers.

If the paper is not promptly received, we would be glad if our subscribers would notify us without delay.

Book and Pamphlet Notices.

Quite a number of books and pamphlets lie upon our table. Notices of them are crowded out of this issue.

Correspondence.

We have only room to-day for our French letter from Paris, and our Fashion letter from New York—in fact, for only parts of them. Other letters lie over.

Gettysburg Letter.

The letter of Rev. Dr. Wills, President of Oglethorpe University, from Gettysburg, giving a description of the battle-field and a list of the names of Georgia dead buried there, has been copied into nearly every paper in the State.

Free Advertising.

Are the brethren of the press aware how much free advertising they are doing? Not a week passes that we do not see an article passing the rounds that is clearly intended as an advertisement, and a cute dodge to cheat the printer. Let the press be just to itself, and keep a strict guard upon this point.

Thanks.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is under obligations to Colonel R. Jemison Ball, of Mobile, at present so-journing in this city, for a very handsome picture of "The Confederate Note Memorial." In the center is the Confederate flag, surmounting an unknown grave. On the other side of the flag is a beautiful and appropriate poem, while the flag and poem have neatly arranged around them five, ten and twenty dollar bills of Confederate money.

Fayetteville.

A correspondent writing to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION from the above place, states that in that section of the State they are having an abundance of rain, and that crops are not so good since fodder has been gathered. A good deal of sickness in the county.

The citizens of Fayette county are taking some interest in the Columbus and Atlantic Railroad. Interesting religious meetings among the Methodist and Baptist denominations are being held in the county. Our correspondent further informs us that the State Conference of the Congregational Methodist Church of Georgia will meet at Van Wert, Paulding county, on Thursday before the second Sabbath in September.

Who Ought to Insure.

The rich ought to insure, for there is no other investment that can be made which is so ample; this fact is now recognized by leading business men. Very many of them are carrying policies upon their lives amounting to from $20,000 to $50,000, and what *they* consider a sound investment may wisely be accepted as such by other men. The poor should insure, for they have no other dependence, and their moderate savings cannot effect so much and so speedily in any other way. The man who lives upon daily wages and the salaried man should insure, for death or disease may cut off their work at any time. The unmarried man should insure, for he will need the help of insurance for *himself*. The man who is saving from day to day can save more rapidly and certainly by Life Insurance than in any other way; the man who is *no* saving should at least begin to save by Insurance.

Educational.

For reference, we give the list of the educational institutions advertised in THE CONSTITUTION:

MALE COLLEGES.

The University of Georgia, Athens, Ga.
Mercer University, Macon, Ga.
Oglethorpe University, Atlanta, Ga.
University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.
Washington University, Baltimore.
University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Ala.
University of Nashville, Nashville, Tenn.
St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo.

FEMALE COLLEGES.

Georgia Female College, Madison, Ga.
Wesleyan Female College, Macon, Ga.
Martha Washington College, Abingdon, Va.
Eclectic Institute College, Baltimore, Md.
Troy Female Seminary, Troy, N. Y.
Monroe Female College, Forsyth, Ga.
Home School, Athens, Ga.
Lucy Cobb Institute, Athens, Ga.

INSTITUTES AND SCHOOLS.

Misses Lane, Boarding School, New York.
LaGrange High School for Boys, LaGrange, Ga.
Norwood High School, Virginia.
Hogansville Institute (Male and Female) Hogansville, Ga.

We will continue the list in another issue.

The Political Outlook.

The political prospect, in some respects, is gloomy, but in others it is brightening. When we contemplate the enginery that Radicalism is setting to work for the overthrow of opposition, we feel anxiety for the result. But when we look at the growing indications of harmony in Democratic ranks, we are vastly encouraged. There are indeed only a very few papers in Georgia that now pay any attention to the discussion raging so bitterly a month ago. With the great majority of journals, the subject has been dropped entirely, and the few who still fire away at it are dealing exclusively in argument, having discarded invective, ridicule and abuse. And but one objection can be urged against a discussion conducted in the spirit and argumentative manner of the last article of the Savannah Morning News in reply to THE CONSTITUTION; and we cannot too highly commend it. That objection lies in the *danger* of provoking strife. Our cotemporary has not carfully scanned its exchanges, if it has not discovered the most abusive and violent controversy between many journals, and it is hard to say which has excelled, the so-called "Bourbon" or the so-called "New Departurists." But the Georgia press are almost unanimous in expressed determination to rally upon the platform of the National Democratic party, whenever declared. We believe the danger of division is virtually past.

A Good Joke.

The State Road matters have made things lively in Atlanta for a few weeks past. All sorts of reports and rumors have prevailed about "black-mailing," "disgorging" and "absconding." Many State Road ex-officials received notices through the Post Office to "settle," and to "look out," for a warrant was about to be issued. Everybody was on the *qui vive* for some new arrest or fresh sensation. During this state of things, a few young men, who haven't yet reached the penitentiary, took it into their heads to have a little fun. So they indited the following letter to one of our substantial, steady, energetic business men, and a member of the church in good standing:

ATLANTA, GA., August 28, 1871.

DEAR SIR: You are requested to refund what money you took from the "State Road." "A word to the wise," etc. K. K. K.

Perhaps somebody wasn't moving a little spiritedly, not to say nervously, about town the next morning. *Perhaps* somebody didn't rush into THE CONSTITUTION Office with open letter in hand, protesting that he never had anything to do with the State Road, that he was a member of the church, stood well in the community, and that his fair name was about to be blasted. *Perhaps* somebody didn't want to "fight," and "find the man forthwith," when we mildly suggested that the thing might be a joke. If anybody is spoiling for a "skirmish," let him say "refund" in somebody's presence.

THAT $20,000 BARN.

Its Dimensions—Cost—All About it—Bullock's Superintendent — That Story About the Young Lady and her Negro Escort.

The statement that Governor Bullock was building a $20,000 barn has circulated through the press and telegraph from one end of the Union to the other. As it travelled it assumed new shapes and larger dimensions, until it was telegraphed back to us from the North in flaming words. We became excited by a desire to know the particulars, particularly as THE CONSTITUTION put afloat the first item. We wanted to know what modicum of truth there was in the whole story.

Our reporter, through the courtesy of Mr. J. G. A. Anderson, was supplied at Marietta with a No. 1 horse and buggy, from his fine livery stable. Before starting for the farm however, Governor Bullock's right hand man,

MR. SYLVESTER

came into town. Sylvester was, for sixteen years, connected with the Southern Express Company at Augusta, Georgia. He referred the reporter to his wife and Mr. Lemuel Black, the builder, out at the farm, for particulars. This farm is about

TEN MILES FROM MARIETTA.

At a road crossing near the farm the sign board says "two miles to *Trickum*"—a somewhat suggestive sign, that would furnish an appropriate title to the farm, if the surmises about his Excellency's connection with Radical rings should prove true. The farm originally belonged to Mr. McAfee, and contains about

1,200 ACRES.

The purchase price was about $13,000 or $14,000. The dwelling occupied by Sylvester is an ordinary two-story building, now undergoing repairs.

Mrs. Sylvester treated our reporter with hospitality and with courtesy. But the great object of interest was

THAT BARN.

It is a mammoth concern, built on a magnificent scale. The stories told of its proportions are not far wrong. It is something over half complete, and will cost when finished

TWELVE TO FIFTEEN THOUSAND

dollars. The builder is Lemuel Black, of Marietta, a very intelligent gentleman. While our reporter was conversing with him, a message came from Mrs. Sylvester, not to "tell anything, for there was

SOMETHING WRONG.

Our, reporter, therefore, had to fall back upon his own observation. The barn, constructed of substantial lumber, has three stories, counting the basement, which is nine feet from floor to ceiling, and is an excavation enclosed by massive rock walls. The main or second floor is seventeen feet from floor to ceiling in the center and twelve feet on the sides. There are

TWENTY-FIVE STALLS,

eighteen for single horses and seven for brood mares. The racks and troughs are to be of cast iron. The third story, designed for provender, is seventeen feet from floor to ceiling. The barn measures in length

100 FEET BY 50 FEET

in breadth. A wooden shelter one hundred feet in length and twenty-five feet in width is in process of erection for

THE CATTLE.

Another shed near by of the same dimensions will afford shelter for the agricultural implements, harness, etc., and a huge tank of water for supplying the building. The investment in agricultural implements is about

$3,500.

There are Collins, Double Shovel, Mohawk Valley, Clipper, Eddy and Potato plows, and the Rotary and the Vishwitz pulverizing harrows, telegraph forage cutters, hand or horse power corn sheller, Bickford & Huffman's grain drill, Wood's mower and reaper, stump puller, road scoop, and various other farming implements.

Mrs. Sylvester, before she found out that something was wrong, said that the Governor had only about

SIXTEEN ACRES

in cotton. She didn't think that they would make enough provisions to do them this year. It required a great many hands at the excavation for the barn, and for hauling the stone, which, with camp-meetings, interfered with work in the fields. But this fall

CLOVER AND GRASSES

would be put in, and next year crops would be better.

The subject of Miss Sylvester's mountain rides with

A NEGRO ESCORT

was introduced. The following is substantially the conversation that ensued:

Reporter—What truth is there in the story?

Mrs. S.—My daughter is learning to ride. Her father is too busy on the farm to attend her, and Sam, a trusty servant, accompanies her for protection, and to hold her horse, when she takes a notion to scale the hills on foot. She had friends in the White Mountains, Vermont, whom she expects to visit, who are fine equestrienes.

Reporter—You think it all right, then?

Mrs. S.—I can see no more harm in it, than there was in a servant's accompanying in the days of slavery.

As the Reporter drove off, Miss S. rode on with Sam following behind. But the Reporter had no time to "interview" her.

Several acres of Bullock's property is inclosed by a substantial plank fence, and an eminence on the lot suggested the idea that a

RESIDENCE

was in contemplation of erection at that spot. If it is ever built, and if on the same grand scale of the barn, is perhaps slightly dependent upon "contingencies"—or the holding out of his "contingent funds."

It will be seen that the total cost of farm, barn, implements, etc., amount to about

$30,000.

Under such circumstances, it is impossible to stop people from wondering how and when Governor Bullock fell heir to so much wealth?

☞ The composers of France intend to erect a monument to Auber at Passy.

"MURDER WILL OUT."

The Radical Plan of Campaign—The Conspiracy—The Cloven Foot—The Overwhelming Proof—Brighter Prospects of Democracy.

The past, with its history of horrors, of political and social wrong, is behind us, and the future looms up in the distance. We would reason with reflecting men. What is the prospect? What is the true political outlook? Is it favorable to the overthrow of Radical government, or to the continuance of an unmixed Radical administration for another four years of persecution and outrage upon the Southern people, to throttle prosperity and crush their every interest beneath the remorseless despotism of a Radical regime?

We are no alarmists. We are soberly, solemnly in earnest. The man, who, with all the lights of the present before him, is confident of the result of the Presidential canvass, is fearfully blind to the true state of affairs. He, who would rescue the country from oppressive misgovernment, and from political, financial and moral corruption, and restore rights to a people robbed, betrayed and crushed, must buckle on his armor for a battle, fierce and unceasing, against a powerful enemy, malignant and unscrupulous to the last degree. We see their infamous plans unfolding. Day by day some new development startles by its cruel heartliness or devilish atrocity. The vilest slanders, the most dishonest machinations, the blackest falsehoods, are part of the machinery by which Radicalism seeks to perpetuate its power.

Seeing impending defeat, THE CONSTITUTION has struggled to ward off even the appearance of division in the serried ranks, which alone can save the people from further oppression and the South from continued persecution. We have pointed out the vile conspiracy to deceive the Northern people by misrepresentation and slander. The programme which the Radicals have adopted is so clearly unmasked as to be palpable to the commonest observer. All their instrumentalities are being put into operation. Miserable sheets styled *Christian* papers, are teeming with accounts of Ku-Klux outrages, and of the persecuting spirit of the Southern people, and howl bitterly when their hypocritical mask is torn into shreds. The Radical National Committee deluges the land with an indictment against the South, that, for malignant energy, can hardly be surpassed, breathing with Satanic fury itself. The noblest and the basest passions of human nature are alike appealed to for impressing the Northern mind with a belief in a prevailing Southern spirit of turbulence, and opposition to the government.

But this was a game, though successful in the past, had been employed so long and had been so thoroughly exposed, that it had lost much of its pristine power. It was therefore necessary, in order to restore it to its former efficacy, to impart to it new elements of strength. These were quickly discovered, and a new Radical combination effected to accomplish the end desired. It must be shown that the Democratic party are seeking to overthrow the results of the war, about which the Northern mind is peculiarly sensitive. To prevent this, and avoid inevitable defeat, the Northern Democracy declared in favor of accepting legislation enacted against their most strenuous efforts. Radicalism reeled beneath the blow, but rallying, they now declare through the press and upon the stump, that it is only a trick, and that the Democrats are only trying to deceive the people. To prove this they declare that the Southern Democracy utterly repudiate the step taken by their Northern allies, and openly avow their determination to insist upon the erasing of the obnoxious legislation. But here they were met by a tremendous difficulty in the fact that the South generally, while declaring their convictions of principle, yet avowed their purpose to abide the final action of the National Democracy. And now came the most insidious and unscrupulous of Radical trickeries and conspiracies. Extreme Southern sentiment must be encouraged; and everything must be done to create a violent division in the ranks of the Southern Democracy. The Radical organ in Atlanta plied the work unceasingly. Day after day carefully prepared leaders appeared to prove the preposterous proposition that "New Departure" Democrats were virtually Republicans. Of course every true Democrat instinctively recoiled from anything that made him a Radical, and a few noble Democratic journals, that heretofore utterly scorned the fulminations of a journal that supported the outrageous Radical government of this State, copied its articles with lengthy comments. But growing bolder by its success, it stepped too far, and THE CONSTITUTION instantly unmasked its purpose in its naked repulsiveness. The organ's rage was tremendous, but the truth was so palpable, that we no longer read its bornlings in Democratic presses. Baffled, it began to whine about "free discussion," and for days it copied from Democratic journals approvingly and argued zealously for "free discussion." But vain are its efforts to mislead any longer. And now, we appeal to our brethren of the press, some of whom unkindly struck THE CONSTITUTION, and misrepresented it, when here at the fountain head of Radicalism in Georgia, we were struggling for the good of our people and the salvation and triumph of the grand old party, that, whatever its faults, has faithfully and gloriously fought for the people of the South. We appeal to reasoning men to calmly consider the existing state of affairs, and scrutinize the proof that we adduce, and answer, if the evidence is not overwhelming of a Radical plot to divide the Democracy of Georgia and the South, and through violence thus engendered to strike down our only true friends at the North, and through their defeat, to blast all hopes of National victory.

The Knoxville Chronicle (Radical) has an article upon the status in Georgia, approvingly commented upon, in which it is claimed that moderate sentiments are on the wane, and that the extreme Southern Democrats are growing in strength, and are eager "for further strife, and, if need be, bloodshed," and a few days ago the Bullock-Blodgett political organ of Atlanta, in the course of an editorial, forgot its cunning, and prated about the "now divided Democracy." But to settle the matter beyond dispute, Blodgett steps upon the witness stand. It is universally known that Blodgett has been the great organizer and soul of the Radical party in Georgia, and still is its leader. A report being circulated that he was engaged in a "third party" movement he instantly wrote to the New York Herald, flatly denying it, and declaring that "Grant is my choice for renomination and will receive my earnest support; and, if the Bourbon and New Departure Democrats stand firm to what they say, *and fight each other on their own lines, we expect to even carry Georgia for General Grant in* 1872."

Here is the frank, unequivocal avowal that if Democratic division continues, the Radicals hope to carry even Georgia. But the fires of discord, which Radical cunning has inflamed, are sinking down, and the scheme to divide and distract their opponents is proving a miserable failure.

We need not be startled by any further developments, such as the infamous Radical circular from New York, purporting to represent a Southern Association to re-establish the Southern Confederacy, encouraged by leading Southern men. No infamy that Radical baseness and cunning can devise will be left untried to prove the slandered persecuted people of the South, enemies to the Government. The success of this effort is the only salvation of the Radical party.

But, thanks to the noble Southern heart, the sky is brightening. The great majority of the daily journals of Georgia and more than thirty of the weeklies have rushed into the breach and sent forth a blast for harmony and unity, that has filled with echoes the hills and valleys of the Empire State. If division comes and defeat, and the South is prostrate again, no shape from the grave of a noble old party shall point its "gory locks" at them. And the cry is swelling louder, "through our views be not adopted, when the Banner of the National Democracy is floated to the breeze, the South will rally there to fight for justice, country and honest government."

To Democrats all over the land we send greeting. There is no danger of division among us. We are true to the country, though grossly traduced. We are sending to political death and infamy the Radical rulers and corruptionists of Georgia and the South, and we shall join in the glorious struggle that consigns to national defeat that party, whose career of vile legislation, plundering and slander can be fitly epitaphed only by the word "CORRUPTION"—political, moral and financial.

FASHIONS FOR SEPTEMBER.

What Is and What Is Not Fashion.

There never was a time when it was so difficult to tell just what is and just what is not fashion; never a time when authorities were so many and their dictates so little heeded; never a time when there were such unusual demand for fashion or such utter disregard of it by those who are naturally its truest.

Milliners and dressmakers and dealers in fancy goods have gone to Europe in sheer desperation, but they can bring back nothing new. There is nothing new to bring back. The French are despoiled and have lost their prestige. The Germans have been fighting and are slow at making changes, even in fashion. The German fashion papers repeat the same styles month after month and year after year, with unvarying pertinacity, excellent evidence of their thrift and good sense, but not of their ability to supply our fashion-loving people with the dress excitement they have learned to crave.

The result of the doubt, uncertainty and indecision, is during the coming season, we shall have a mixture of 1867, 1870 and 1871, with a glimpse of 1872. We shall have Watteau running a race with Louis XIII. We shall have the renaissance turning up its antique nose at the practical dress of the period, and jaunty masculine coats elbowing modest jackets and quite putting them out of countenance.

We shall have a square stand up fight between the enormously long trains, of which everybody is tired, but which French dressmakers will insist upon being the fashion, as they were two years ago, and the moderate train, which is so much more graceful, and so much better adapted to our sixteen feet, brown-stone parlors. It would not be surprising if we had a sensation later in the season in the way of something enormously absurd, for the Parisian Modistes will see the necessity for a *coup d'etat* in order to regain their lost ground, and believing that nothing can be too violent or too extravagant for the Americans, they may endeavor to devise something that will carry the field by a *tour de force*.

WHAT IS FASHION.

In the meantime, it may be as well to hold our souls in patience, and anchor the little common sense we are allowed to exercise to one or two facts, which no *coup d' etat* can disturb. These are, first, that the old favorites in fabrics have re-appeared in the "cloth" colors, which were so fashionable last winter, but in a vastly greater variety of shades. Wine color, plum color, olive green, sage green, ash gray, walnut brown, marine blue, dahlia and *eye*, called last winter "alligator" color, all belong to the fashionable class, and are divided up in one house into *two thousand* different shades, ranging from light to dark, and giving indescribably lovely tints.

Second, there is great difficulty in obtaining these fine shades in quantity, in consequence of the destruction of the French dye houses, and as the price of raw wool has advanced materially, and woolen fabrics also, there is likely to be a scarcity of best styles, and higher prices as the season advances. We should advise an early selection, therefore, particularly where special colors and fabrics are very much desired.

We advise also by thrifty economists, the selection of staple materials that are known to be good. There is a sort of standard of prices established throughout country towns, and villages, which induces merchants to reduce qualities instead of adding to cost. If an "all wool," therefore, has advanced fifteen cents upon the yard, he finds it more to his interest to sell a mixed cotton, and wool, at the old price, than to tell the truth, and try to get the advance for the genuine article.

There is such a thing as being so smart as to cheat ourselves, and we always do that, when we oblige people to be dishonest with us.

SCOTCH PLAIDS.

Nearly all American women have a preference for clear, single colors, a penchant which is a proof of their natural good taste, and which has been encouraged by the modern fashion of complete suits. The appreciation of the posibilities of the Scotch plaids, is however, growing year by year, and must already have assumed large proportions to warrant the cost and quantity of the importations of these fabrics.

The "Princess Metternich" poplin, the silk and wool velour, the velour armure, the diaognal serge, the satine, the *mattelasse*, and the *sable*, are the prominent styles in the rich plaids, and the velvet effects are produced by the one of two colors only, black, and another green, blue, brown or buff, in combination shade, or buff in simple black and white. This latter is always "well worn."

Velour, it may be remarked, is a heavy rep, velour armure, the same with a little design interwoven.

"Satine" corresponds to the plain, single colored goods of that name which won popularity last winter. Serge is a finer rep than velour, with a twill in it. *Mattelasse* represents an effect like quilting, and *sable* literally sand, signifies that sanded sometimes called "frosted" appearance, imparted to some handsome plaid poplins.

The French are very fond of silk and wool mixture, but for service and permanent beauty the all-wool manufacturers are decidedly preferable to them.

The small brilliant Alsatian plaids for the school dresses of girls and misses reappear as numerously as ever, and in *all wool* are unrivaled for cleanliness and durability for this purpose. But we beg that they may not be confounded with the small, dingy cotton plaids which flood the country, and which are destitute of warmth or any merit whatever.

Plaid poplins are very well adapted to the Southern part of this country, where they would be used very much for house dresses, and as warmth is not so much needed, but in New England and at the West the average of health would be far higher if more care was taken to protect the body by the purchase of good warm woolen fabrics for winter use.

THE INSANITY OF SEWING.

The braiding and embroidery mania has probably reached its height, and may henceforth be expected to decline. The literal overslaughing of every article for household use and family wear by heavy designs executed in coarse stitch or cotton braiding, the adding to this everywhere and upon everything yards upon yards of ruffling and puffing becomes not only wearisome but painful when one reflects upon the amount of time and labor spent upon it.

If the wife of the millionaire wants to throw away money on dressing sack covered with embroidery, let her do it. If she wants to render her baby's life a torment to itself and others, let her add the horrible ruffling and puffing and braiding and stiff embroidery to a dragging length of skirt, because the quicker its life is ended the better. But for the poor hard-worked mothers to try to follow such an example is simple insanity. Let her put the cost in the fineness and purity of the material, make it up plainly but amply, and spare the labor and quick destruction of of trimming and furbelowing.

It is a misfortune that fashion periodicals are obliged to torture ingenuity to invent new styles of plaitings, and trimmings, and ruffings, which are accepted as authoritative by unsophisticated readers, but which have no existence except in the necessity to fill a certain amount of space; on the saddle with which these fellow each other is scrambling to ideas of permanency, order and distinctive beauty in dress, or household adornment.

NEW FALL COSTUMES.

New designs, which may be relied upon as good, consist of skirt and ample polonaise of plain, double or treble toned silk serge in any of the new cloth colors. The lower skirt may be trimmed with frill or box plaiting, two scant flounces, cut out in large shallow scollops, or cross cut folds of the material. The polonaise is bordered with heavy brilliant fringe of a new style, quite deep and matching in color. Where cost is less of an object of harmony and completeness of detail, the fringe is made to order in the tone of the material and a most perfect effect produced.

Suits in two or more of the darker or neutral shades are more desirable than costumes which have now lost caste. Two materials are still put together, but two colors and materials degenerated at once into patchy toilets without harmony, or expression, and though growing girls still wear them, they are inadmissable for more dignified matrons.

Very pretty and simple, yet distinguished suits are made of fine cashmere and plain poplin, and all wool delaine. The fashionable colors are ash gray, violet, dove color and wood brown. Poplin delaine differs from the ordinary material of that name in being heavier with threads like fine cords, and when made up all wool, it is a very soft and desirable fabric.

The underskirts are slightly trained, and have tapes attached to tie them up walking length. The upper skirt and basques may be faced and piped with corded silks, and turned up at the sides with large cashmere buttons, but many ladies use the piping alone. Of course the silk pipings match the cashmere in color.

Black silk suits promise to be as fashionably worn as ever. During the past season there has been a rage for trimming these with black over white, and this will undoubtedly continue more or less through the fall.

The newest suits, however, will be far more richly and appropriately trimmed for the season with silk and rich black fringe with handsome passementerie heading.

The new fringes are in magnificent widths and qualities, and range from one to ten dollars per yard. The mounting in passementerie or soustach is broad and complete, obviating any necessity for folds or endings of the material as "headings." They will probably supercede lace to a great extent for the trimming of polonaise of silk and velvet.

The American $2 00 grs grain is particularly adapted for serviceable fall suits. It is not so dressy, but it is heavy and more desirable than a $5 silk, now that dull effects are required in black silk, it is really more *distingue* than glossy French silk at double the price.

PLAITED GARABALDI WAISTS

have become an institution. In striped cambric they can be bought of the stores for $1 50 each. In anticipation of cooler weather, however, ladies are having them made in colored silk and cashmere, pink, blue, brown, buff, violet and gray. The cashmere are generally braided, the silk ornamented with fine black lace insertion or *bailes*. Half a dozen is not considered too many for changes to be worn with different skirts.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

OUR FRENCH LETTER.

The Passions of Mobs—Rooms for the Sittings of the Courts Martial—An Afternoon Lounge for the Ladies—The General Public Fatigued With the Courts—The Judges all Military Men—A Military Lawyer Prosecutes the Prisoners—Barristers—The Judges—The President—Prominent Prisoners, Asi and Ferre.

Special Foreign Correspondence of The Constitution.

PARIS, August 12, 1871.

It would have been better to have entrusted the trial of the Communist chiefs to the ordinary tribunals, rather than to the courts martials where there is such conflict on law points between sword and gown. The public exhibits, not a little more interest, but curiosity, as the examination of the accused proceeds. No startling incidents are expected—it is the old two months' drama classified, and each actor pilloried to his role. In the reckless disrespect for life and property—in the barbarity and indifference of executions—there is not much new, and history has long ago showed that the unbridled passions of all mobs are the same.

There is nothing very imposing in the fitted up royal stables where the principal Court Martial holds its sittings. Deal boards and baize have made it what it is—roomy, plain and uninviting. The ventilation is not bad, and one can pass in and out without leaving the skirts of your coat behind as a souvenir. If packed like sardines 2,000 persons could be accommodated in the Court House; not more than half the number has been present. To see the prisoners, to devour their dress, attitude and physiognomy, to fix these points in the mind by means of opera glasses—such is the end of the visitors' aim. The tribunal is becoming an afternoon lounge for the ladies, who do it in fashionable toilettes, as they would the Palace Gardens and Park. If anything very spicy unexpectedly turns up, any thing scandalous or sensational, scouts telegraph the matter and the public troops in. The number of very young ladies is remarkable—a fair sprinkling of military officers and a score or so of members of the Assembly. The general public remain away; they are fatigued with the whole thing.

The Judges are all military men, the President is a Colonel, and they number seven, including a non-commissioned officer, who represents the equality principle. A military lawyer prosecutes and is persecuted by the prisoners' cousel unmercifully, because politics are not strange to the case. The painting of the "crucifixion," which hangs over the Bench in this, as in every judgment seat in France, does not prevent angry passions from rising. On one side of the hall are ranged the prisoners, each with a gen d'arme for a companion, the latter by no means given to loquacity or humor, for the Commune aimed to extirpate their order. The barristers occupy the low range of seats, are quite hale fellow well met with the men whose heads they are trying to save, or, rather, to ensure tumbling. In front of the prisoners is the press with representatives from every part of the world. But the trial is not equal in interest to that of Prince Pierre Napoleon or Orsini, or Troppmann.

After breakfast—that is noon—the court opens; as the Judges enter, sedate calm and severe, with military punctuality—the audience rises, the g n d'arms salute, bows are exchanged and the proceedings commence. The President examines the accused from the magisterial informations—a copy of which is furnished to the prisoner beforehand. He can question him on the most irrelevant matters. Then follow the witnesses, similarly interrogated. There is but little cross-examinations where the prisoner as his counsel ever can take part. The lawyer reserves himself for a speech, or objects to any informality. An accused can state what he wishes, and as imprudently as he pleases, because he can discount the privilege of every condemned to curse his Judges for twenty-four hours. A vote of five Judges against two, convicts; four against three afterwards recommend to mercy. In the eighteen prisoners now arraigned, all the members of the Commune are not there comprised—the other prisoners will follow. But the present batch are endeavored to be held responsible for the assasination of the hostages and the burning of the city. At the conclusion of their examination, and the speeches for their defense, etc., the court will pronounce judgment. Its finding will be forwarded to the General commanding the district for approval, when the convicted can get appeal, after the confirmation, the condemned can petition for pardon. M. Thiers, who, aided by a commission of fifteen members of the Assembly, will decide by vote, if rejected, the unfortunates are at once shot—not guillotined. That the leaders will be executed appears certain. A section of the press, forgetting the position of the accused, daily holds them up to execration—calls for their blood—no one protests. Of the 34,000 prisoners in the hulks, the majority will be transported. If the United States can spirit them away to New California, Uncle Sam will have the skilled labor of Paris at his command.

The most presentable of the prisoners is Asi. He is by trade a blacksmith, but his hands show that he has been a long time out of work. He is about thirty-one years of age—very intelligent, with full beard, and his long chestnut hair brushed back over the ears. He speaks fluently, with an inclination to talk too much. He is dressed in a Colonel's uniform, has no particular reason for wearing it, and though entitled to don it, only put it on for the first time the day he was arrested by the troops. He now denies that it will be his shroud. His features are frank, his eyes small but quick. He is of middle height and very broad-shouldered. He might be guilty of mad and foolish acts, but does not strike you as likely to descend to acts and cowardly ones. His mother sent him a civil custome to wear in stead of the uniform, he told her his present suit had cost him ten francs (2s), and he was neither afraid nor ashamed to wear it to the last. He defends himself with ability, and his weak point is to be vain in this respect. He was not born to crime, but has fallen a victim to a vulgar ambition. With what pride he states he had thirty private secretaries and eight aides-de-camp. He is a Free Mason, and belongs to the Internationeal, but thinks little of either fraternity. He seeks to repudiate collective responsibility, and is prepared to answer for any of his individual acts. He approved of the execution of the hostages as a necessary reprisal.

Ferre is a man of a different stamp—an execrable shape. He always grins a horrible, ghastly smile. He is twenty-five years of age, small, thin, dressed in black with gloves to match. His sharp, white teeth give him a ferocious air. His nose is a beak. He gave the order to burn the treasury, which was so well executed. It is written in red ink. He told off the company of guards that shot down the hostages, and rewarded the *braves* with a few francs each for their work. When he is not grinning he is reading a newspaper, hunting flies, or polishing his eye glass. He will never see new year's day. The man is capable of demanding 5,000 heads, like Murat.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—The Cabinet meeting to-day was attended by all the Ministers with the exception of the Postmaster General and the Secretary of the Treasury, both of whom are absent. The President early called the attention of the members present to the letter of Senator Scott, of Pennsylvania, alleging causes for the declaration of martial law in certain counties of South Carolina, which was handed to the President yesterday. Without any discussion of consequences, this letter was referred to the Attorney General, who is to take action concerning the application of the Ku-Klux law upon the statement contained therein, and as soon as this official has made a report the proclamation will be issued.

The Cabinet also considered the Corean difficulties, but it is understood the question will be left for the action of Congress.

A large amount of routine business was accomplished.

The President has gone off.

Appointments—David Maitland Armstrong Consul General to Rome; James L. Graham, Jr., Consul to Florence.

The Department statement shows a reduction of over nine and a half millions. Coin in the Treasury, ninety-three and a quarter millions; currency, nearly eight millions.

A dispatch received at the Post Office Department from the Postmaster at Savannah, Ga., says the mails, and also all cars and passengers from Charleston are refused admittance into Savannah in consequence of the fear of an epidemic of the yellow fever. It also states that the mails from Charleston will be sent by way of Augusta.

Clews, Hobich & Co., of London, the foreign house of Henry Clews & Co., of New York, have been designated as the fiscal agents of the United States Government at London, a trust until now vested in the house of Baring Brothers & Co. Thirty years ago, after the negotiations of the Ashburton treaty, the agency was taken from the Bank of England, which had held the office ever since the establishment of American independence, and given to Baring Brothers & Co., in compliment to Lord Ashburton, who was a member of that firm, and who negotiated the treaty which bears his name. For over a quarter of a century the Messrs. Baring Brothers have done the government business, and the account is now transferred to Clews & Co., as a recognition of their valuable services in promoting the negotiation of the several loans. During and since the war all the money received in the diplomatic services, and all the collections of the United States consols in Europe, South America, and ports of Asia and Africa are remitted to this agency in London, which is the official representative of the government in all financial matters relating to foreign countries.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, September 1.—The cool change seems to have had a favorable influence in abating the fever. No new cases have been reported to-day, and only one death. To correct erroneous rumors it should be stated that the business of the city is progressing without interruption of any kind and that all railroad trains arrive and depart with accustomed punctuality.

The Courier and the News of to-day, in their commercial reviews, agree in estimating the growing cotton crop at from three to three and a quarter million bales they. Incline, however, to the former figure as the more probable.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 1.—Thomas Lee, mate of the ship Thomas Durham, was shot dead by a sailor in a fight while the vessel was going down the bay. The Captain, mate and nine of the crew have been arrested and the vessel detained.

R. A. Tilghman, of Philadelphia, has obtained a decree for $229,000 against Rowland Mitchell, for infringement on his fat acid and glycerine patent, the largest decree for an infringement ever entered.

The Coroner's jury in the case of the woman found in the trunk returned a verdict that the deceased came to her death from poison, produced, we believe, by Jacob Rosenweig.

Colonel William A. C. Ryan, the Cuban General, was arrested this morning at Gilsey House, charged with passing a worthless check for a hundred and fifty dollars on Oliver D. Taylor, a broker. Committed for examination.

The Grand Jury discharged this morning, it is understood, found bills of indictment against the President and Superintendent of Staten Island Ferry and United States Inspector Matthews. The Court officers, for the present, refuse to give information on the subject.

ILLINOIS.

CAIRO, September 1.—The steamboat Carrie Koutz, which left last night for New Orleans with a full cargo, struck a snag near Wolf Island, below Columbus, and sunk in eight feet water.

FLORIDA.

KEY WEST, September 1.—The Jumata's passengers have arrived safely.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 1.—It is stated that Italy has declined to participate in the Gastein conference.

The Duke of Trieat, caused by the explosion of petroleum, caused great destruction in that portion of the city used for storing petroleum.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 1.—Henry Hurlburt, chief clerk of Elbert A. Brinkerhoff & Co., commission merchants, No. 13 Lispenard street, was committed to-day by Justice Dowling, in default of $5,000 bail, on a charge of forgery and embezzlement preferred by his employers.

An inquest was held on the body of Alice A. Bowles, a victim of abortion, to-day.

The prisoner Rosenweig occupied a seat by his counsel, and looked rather anxious. Dr. Kinne and Joseph F. Parker, dentist, of Patterson, N. J., Wm. Pickett, truckman, and Alexander Potts, a boy who helped carry the trunk, were examined. No facts material to the case were elicited which have not already been published. The investigation will close this evening, and the verdict will be rendered.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, September 1.—Senator Clayton was arrested this morning by the United States Marshal, on the charge of issuing a certificate of election to General John Edwards as member of Congress from this district, in violation of the Enforcement Act of Congress. The Senator gave bond for his appearance at the October term of the United States Court.

At a large gathering of Democrats near here, yesterday, the following resolution was adopted:

That we recognize the adoption of the late amendments to the Constitution of the United States as settling the political status of all citizens not disfranchised by State or national legislation. We deprecate any discussion calculated to bring in question the right of suffrage guaranteed by the amendments, and we earnestly recommend to our fellow citizens the doctrine of universal amnesty and universal suffrage.

CALIFORNIA

SAN FRANCISCO, September 1.—There is very little betting on the result of the State election which takes place Wednesday next. Both parties are working hard. The excitement over the threatened Indian raids in southern California is subsiding.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, September 1.—The Spanish steamer Gracie sailed for Liverpool to-day, with a full cargo, including the first bale of new cotton received here. The steamer Jorge, of the same line, is expected to arrive in a few days and will load for Liverpool.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 1.—Thiers has sent his first message to the Assembly since his powers has been prolongated. He thanks the Assembly for its expression of confidence and repeats his protestations of his devotion to the country, and hopes to succeed in the rehabilitation of France.

CUBA.

HAVANA, September 1.—Brigadier Ferrer died at Cayetan.

Garcia Lopez, sentenced to be shot, has been reprieved until the return of the Captain General, who is now at Puerto Principe.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, September 1.—Sir Alexander Cockburn is gazetted to-day as British member of the Board of Arbitration under the treaty of Washington.

Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, September 1, 6 o'clock, P. M.

Trade active at unchanged quotations. Cotton continues to improve.

COTTON—Cotton is firm at 17¾a17¾.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 04; selling 1 08 Exchange on New York buying at par, selling at ¼ premium.

BONDS—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent, 70a75; do. 8 per cent. 80a85. State of Georgia bonds,

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1871.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Orphan's Free School, founded and maintained by the Georgia State Lottery, will commence on Monday the 4th of September.

W. T. Archer, wholesale and retail dealer in furniture, mattresses, looking-glasses, etc., can be found at 58 Whitehall street with full stocks.

A partner with a small capital is wanted in a profitable business.

Wallace & Fowler sell this morning, at ten o'clock, a frame house on Mitchell street, in rear of Dodd & Co.'s store.

Wood & Brothers, merchandize brokers and cotton commission merchants, have opened an office in the Empire Block on Whitehall street, and will give special attention to selling cotton on arrival in this market.

Kendrick & Son call special attention to many novelties in carpets just received by them.

Hoyt & Jones, Bankers and Brokers, do a general banking business and pay special attention to collections.

T. C. Mayson, at the Live Auction Mart, under DeGive's, has another large auction sale commencing at 9 o'clock this morning.

N. E. Fowler will sell at Trustee's sale on the first Tuesday in October, a brick house and lot on McDonough street, belonging to the estate of Mrs. Malala Young.

S. B. Spencer has a nice new four-room cottage for sale.

See notice to contractors for proposals for building a new Powder Magazine.

DEAD.—We learn that Thomas Crawford, a prominent citizen of Athens, died on Wednesday last of abscess of the lungs.

FOURTH BAPTIST CHURCH.—The Fourth Baptist Church will be organized at James' Chapel to-morrow evening at 3½ o'clock.

REV. H. C. HORNADY.—Rev. H. C. Hornady will preach at the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning the funeral sermon of Mrs. W. A. Fuller.

BASE BALL.—The Osceola B. B. C. will play a match game of ball with the Eagle B. B. C., of McPherson's Barracks, this evening at 3 o'clock.

DROWNED.—We are informed that a little child of Mr. D. Brogden was accidentally drowned on Thursday evening by falling in a tub of water. The child was dead when found.

"TRUE MANLINESS."—Rev. Dr. Brantly will preach a sermon at the Second Baptist Church to-morrow night to young men on the subject of "True Manliness."

REMOVAL.—We learn that Moore's Southern Business University will be removed to the third floor of the Bell-Johnson Hall, at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets.

COME BACK RUFUS.—Parties just returned from New York report a rumor there that His Excellency Governor Bullock was about to start to California. "Come back Rufus, come back."

ON DUTY AGAIN.—Our young friend Sam Spodbelm, of the firm of Meako, Bro. & Co., is again at his post, after an illness of four or five weeks, ready to wait upon customers in his usual polite manner.

AUCTION TO-DAY.—Mayson, at the Live Auction Mart, will sell this morning, commencing at nine o'clock, sewing machines, pianos, cows, horses, wagons, stoves, carpets and a large assortment of furniture. Be punctual if you would get bargains.

ENLARGING.—Redwine & Fox have rented the store adjoining them, and will connect the two stores by cutting doors through the partition wall. This will increase their facilities for meeting the demands of their customers for goods.

RESIGNED.—We are informed that W. Burnett and C. McLendon, Directors in the Atlanta, Decatur and Stone Mountain Turnpike road having resigned, that General J. B. Gordon and Colonel M. A. Candler have been elected to fill the vacancy created by their resignation.

WALTER H. MITCHELL.—Yesterday as we passed by W. B. Lowe & Co's store, among the swift clerks there we noticed the genial contenance of our urbane friend, Walter H. Mitchell. Fits is his speciality and he has a fine eye for good clothes.

COLORED EXCURSIONISTS.—Some four or five hundred colored excursionists arrived at half-past 12 o'clock this morning by special train from Nashville. The singing class of Fisk University accompanies them, and will give a concert here next week. The excursionists were met at the depot by their colored friends here with music and cheers.

DEATH OF MRS. BASS.—Our community was pained to learn the death of this most estimable lady, which occurred in this city day before yesterday, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Thomas B. Powell. Mrs. Bass was the daughter of Governor Rabun, and died in her eightieth year. For 60 years she has been a devout member of the Methodist Church, and was possessed of many and rare virtues. She has gone to the Christian's reward.

PERSONAL.—Rev. J. T. Leftwich, Pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church has returned to the city.

J. H. James, banker, returned yesterday after several weeks absence.

D. W. K. Peacock and Col. Abda Johnson, of Cartersville, were in the city yesterday.

Col. V. A. Gaskill has been in the city a day or so.

WOOD & BROTHER.—We direct special attention to the card of Wood & Brother, in another column. They make liberal cash advances on consignments of cotton to be sold in this market, or by their correspondents in Savannah or New York. They give special attention to the selling of cotton on its arrival in this market. Prompt attention given to buying all kinds of merchandize on order in this market. They are live, go-head gentlemen and mean business.

MAILING CLERK.—Yesterday James L. Crenshaw, for a long time mailing clerk of this office, resigned his position to engage in a different kind of business. He is a faithful and efficient gentleman, and we wish him the most enlarged success in any new field upon which he may enter. He is succeeded by Mr. John Gilliland, of Athens—a worthy and competent gentleman.

BANKERS.—Messrs. Hoyt & Jones have a card in this issue, calling attention to their Banking House, making reference to the bankers, merchants and business men generally of Atlanta, and to the National Park Bank and other correspondents at New York. They buy and sell exchange, stocks, etc., and sell drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany and other countries, as well as receive deposits. See card in advertising columns. They are doing a good business.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.—At a large meeting of the Alumni of the Atlanta Medical College, held in the College building, an association was organized under the title of The Alumni Association of the Atlanta Medical College. The following named gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

Dr. E. Griffin, Atlanta, President.
Dr. T. J. Machey, Valdosta, 1st Vice President.
Dr. R. L. Cannally, Albany, 2d Vice President.
Dr. T. R. Cooke, Atlanta, 3d Vice President.
Dr. W. M. Judson, Atlanta, Secretary.
Dr. S. A. Wilson, Atlanta, Treasurer.
Dr. J. Wistar Vance, Atlanta, Orator.

The association meets annually on the commencement day of the College.

The Executive Committee organized by electing Dr. J. W. Vance, President, and Dr. T. R. Cooke, Secretary.

All graduates of the Atlanta Medical College are requested to forward their names and post office to the Secretary for enrollment.

FACTORIES.—The growing prosperity of Atlanta is evinced by the unceasing spirit of enterprise that is manifesting itself daily. Energy and enterprise have made it what it is, and had built up a prosperous city even before much capital existed. Now that money and means have become more abundant, and capital has accumulated, the strides of the city in the near h of prosperity have become accelerated, and Atlanta bounds forward with tremendous power. The increased activity of Atlanta is particularly manifested in the greater growth and expansion of manufacturing enterprise.

The progress of car city must be onward, for it has passed the point of retrograde; but her prosperity will be vastly enlarg d by the investment of capital in manufactures, and Atlanta ought to become a great manufacturing city. We therefore hail with pleasure every evidence of interest and progress in this direction.

Among the most important enterprises is that of Southern School Furniture, manufactured by W. A. Haymaker, at the corner of Marietta and Peachtree streets. The machinery used is of the most improved kind, and the finished appearance of the work evinces not only skill in its manufacture, but the perfect adaptation of the machinery to its purposes, in which respect Mr. Haymaker's appliances are not excelled North or West. The forms are new, and the alternation of ash and walnut makes the furniture not only strong and comfortable but unique and beautiful. There is no call to expend the additional cost of freight in manufactures when we have a cheaper and better article at our very doors.

This furniture presents a strong claim upon our people, because it is unsurpassed for convenience, beauty, durability and cheapness, and is made in our midst. The amount spent for this furniture is not taken from general circulation here and sent North or West.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.—The exercises of the Atlanta Medical College came off at DeGive's to-night. The attendance at the Hall was a large and intelligent one. The following Trustees were on the stage: Gen. A. H. Colquitt, Judge J. A. Hayden, Dr. J. S. Bembleton, Dr. C. L. Bellsdell, Col. W. L. Mitchell, Gen. A. Austell, Judge James Jackson.

After some excellent music by the "Warm Band," which contributed much to the occasion, an appropriate prayer was offered by Col W. L. Mitchell, of Athens. After a short address to the graduating class in Latin, by Col Mitchell, he bestowed diplomas on the following young gentlemen: B S Holmes, J W Lambert, W H Cox, J A Fort, V D Lockhart, Charles Ramschenberg, J J Richardson, G A Mitchell, N Bitting, E M Smith, T G Campbell, J W Matthews, J O Parkins, J P Shockley, W T Fincher, J B Monroe, of Georgia; F A Blount, J A Meek, Florida; J C McNell, of Mississippi; J J Neely, Texas; C C Estes, Mississippi; T J Herrick, Tennessee; and V D Hopkins, of South Carolina, twenty-three being the number.

Those considered worthy of being admitted *Ad Eundem*, were J. G. Moore, M. D., of Alabama, J. N. Ford, M. D., E. P. Ingraham, M. D., J. W. Vance and J. P. Truchstone.

After music by the band, the Valedictory for the class, was delivered by F. N. Blount, of Florida. The address was chaste and well written, reflecting much credit upon the young gentleman.

After music, the Valedictory for the Faculty, by General A. H. Colquitt. The speech of the General was felicitous, practical and sensible, and its character showed the wisdom of the choice of General Colquitt as orator for the occasion.

Music closed the exercises of the evening, which were entertaining and successful. Long live the Atlanta Medical College, if she always sends forth classes equal to her present graduates.

At the close of the entertainment at DeGives, a larger portion of the audience reappeared at Bell's Hall, to a reception given by the Faculty to the graduating class. Preoccupied space prevents a notice of the reception, beyond saying that there was a generous turnout of the beauty, grace and chivalry of the city, the refreshments were plentiful, the dancing much enjoyed, and that at a late hour all retired from the hall, delighted with the evening's entertainment.

[OFFICIAL.]

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL—*Atlanta, September* 1, 1871.—Council met. Present Hon. Dennis F. Hammond, Mayor, and a full board of Aldermen.

PETITIONS.

Of John Collier et al., asking that Broad street from Mitchell street to the bridge be macadamized and graded before winter sets in, and for the putting down of proper sewerage. Referred to the Street Committee.

Of G. W. Adair and several hundred citizens, asking for the macadamising of Peters street from Forsyth street to the corporation line, and to define the line of the street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Of C. Powell, for four months auction license. Received.

Of O'Connor & Reese for a duplicate check for one lost. Granted.

Of Mrs. Pennington, for ten dollars to assist her in getting to Roswell Factory. Granted.

Of G. W. Alford, for a free peddler's license. Granted.

Of A. Haas et al, for work to be done on Forsyth street near Garnett. Referred to Street Committee.

Of Miss E. Sterchi, asking for a donation of $50 for the benefit of her school. Granted.

Of G. L. White, representing some colored persons from Nashville, Tennessee, who propose giving concerts on Monday and Tuesday, asking that they be allowed to give them free of license. Received.

Of G. H. Pattillo, et al, relative to the establishment of a church and Sunday school in the 4th Ward, and asking that they be allowed to take off the building used by Miss. Sterchi at the old Fair Ground. The right and title of the City to the building was transferred to Miss Sterchi.

Of Capt H. Jackson relative to damage sustained by his house and lot at corner of Walton and Forlie streets. Referred to Street Committee.

Of A. Murphy et al., protesting against the extension of James street. Referred to Street Committee.

Of Dr. J. M. Mitchell, a blind man, asking for free license to retail spirituous liquors. Received.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

On Fire Department, that they find the Fire Department in a healthy condition, well officered, and concurring in the suggestions of the Chief Engineer relative to a fire alarm telegraph, and the necessity of more cisterns. Adopted.

Tax, favorable, on petion of L. DeGives, asking Council to reduce tax on his Opera House, and recommending that the tax ordinance be amended by putting the tax at $100 per quarter, payable in advance. Recommitted.

Tax, favorable, on petition of R B. Hutchens, policeman, asking for pay for sick time. Adopted.

Calaboose, submitting plan and specification for the Station House, costing about $12,000. Plan accepted and committee authorized to advertise for bids, with the right to receive or reject any or all.

Street, favorable on petition of W. R. Hill, to have a rock wall built on Peters street. Adopted.

Street, adverse, on petition of Dr. S. T Biggers for a sewer on his lot. Adopted.

Street, favorable for building a crossing on Mitchell street across Broad, and diagonally from A. K. Seago's to Richard Peter's corner. Adopted.

Street, on petition for extension of James street from Cane to Cone streets. McLendon, Grubb, Cassin, reported adverse. F. P. Rice favorable.

Alderman Rice moved to adopt minority report. Lost.

Alderman Rice moved to lay majority report on the table. Lost.

Majority report adopted, Aldermen Rice and Fowler voting nay.

Street, on petition of S H. Shaw, relative to water being backed on his lot, reporting could see no way to relieve him. Recommitted.

Street, favorable, on petitition of Crane, Boylston & Co., for sidewalk on Pryor street, in front of Kimball House. Adopted.

ENGINE FOR THE FIFTH WARD.

Dr. H. Marshall addressed Council in behalf of the H. I. Kimball Engine Company, asking Council to make them a donation to aid them in purchasing an engine.

SEWERAGE ON MITCHELL STREET.

Sundry citizens petition Council to extend the sewer from Dodd's corner to Hightower's corner, on Mitchell street. Referred to Street Committee.

FOSTER STREET.

The Assessors on opening of Foster street, award the following damages:

M. W. Rasberry	$75 00
W. H. Harville	50 00
J. N. Fain	25 00
Bell & Goldsmith	00 00

Report adopted and check ordered passed up in favor of the City Attorney.

WHITNEY STREET.

The Street Committee reported favorable on the petition to change the name of Foster street to Whitney street. Adopted.

TAXES.

The Tax Collector reported that he had collected $7,000. On motion the time for giving in taxes was extended for fifteen days.

CONDITION OF THE CITY HALL.

Alderman Wells called attention to the condition of the City Hall, and moved that the Committee on Public Buildings be instructed to have the City Hall placed in good repair, provided that the Ordinary pay half the expenses. Carried.

REPORTS OF CITY OFFICERS.

The reports of the City officers were referred to the appropriate committees without reading.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Fowler—

Resolved, That a check for $1,500 be passed up in favor of Mr. Robinson, who was enjoined from building on Spring street.

Adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Fowler, Rice, Wells, Snyder, Grubb, Finch.

Nays—Cassin, Lowry, McLendon.

Not voting—Graham.

By Alderman Finch—

Resolved, That the rock in the calaboose yard be used in macadamizing Decatur street from the Willingham building as far as they will go.

Alderman Fowler offered as a substitute that the rocks be equally divided among the wards. Lost.

Alderman Fowler rose to debate the question, when the Mayor decided that both had been lost.

Some sharp words ensued between Alderman Fowler and his Honor the Mayor.

Alderman Lowry contended that Alderman Finch's resolution was adopted.

Alderman Grubb moved to refer the resolution to the Street Committee. Motion carried.

By Alderman Lowry—Adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds be authorized to advertise for bids for the building of a new powder magazine, with the right to receive or reject any or all bids.

Resolved, That no more rock be purchased for breaking up at the calaboose until the present stock is exhausted.

By Alderman Cassin—Adopted:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be instructed to enquire into the expediency of building two aprons to the bridge across the State Road on Jones avenue.

By Alderman Rice:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be authorized to advertise for bids to macadamize Peachtree street from Forsyth to Luckie streets.

Referred to Street Committee.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTE.

Finance Committee recommended the payment of bills to the amount of $9,388. Adopted.

FINALE.

Council adjourned at ten o'clock and fifty minutes p. m.

GEORGIA SUPREME COURT.

Cases to be Docketed in the Supreme Court, in Order, July Term, 1871.

REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY E. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

8. Macon Circuit	16	14. Northern Circuit	9
9. Pataula Circuit	18	15. Augusta Circuit	10
10. Talliaferro Circuit	5	16. Middle Circuit	7
11. Atlantic Circuit	20	17. Cherokee Circuit	5
12. Rome Circuit	12	18. Eastern Circuit	6
13. Chattahoochee Circuit	18	19. Brunswick Circuit	5

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*September* 1, 1871.—Argument of No. 4, Macon Circuit, was concluded.

No. 8 was argued. It is Patrick Kerwin vs. James & Cummings. Warrant against tenant, from Bibb.

Lyon, DeGraffenreid & Irvin, for plaintiff in error.

A. W. Persons, A. O. Bacon, contra.

By consent No. 3 was next argued. It is R. A. Thornton, receiver, vs. Taylor F. Gibson. Complaint, from Crawford.

E. F. Best, for plaintiff in error.

S. Hall, for defendant.

The committee to report resolutions on the death of Samuel Hunter, Esq., having announced ready to report, was heard and responded to, and court adjourned till 5 o'clock P. M.

Upon reassembling, No. 11 was withdrawn. It is Hoyt & Gardner vs. Henrietta S. Nelson. Equity, from Bibb.

Lyon, DeGraffenreid & Irvin, for plaintiffs in error.

Nisbet & Jackson, contra.

No. 6 was argued. It is Charles A. Nutting et al. vs. J. M. Broadnax et al. Equity, from Bibb.

Nisbet & Jackson, for plaintiffs in error.

Lamar & Anderson, Poe, Hall & Poe, contra.

No. 12 was passed over by consent.

No. 13 was taken up. It is Gertrude J. Woolfolk vs. Joseph E. Murray. Homestead, from Bibb.

Lyon, DeGraffenreid & Irvin, for plaintiff in error.

Lamar & Anderson, Nisbet & Jackson, contra.

Pending the opening argument court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Phillips & Crew are prepared to supply School Commissioners and Teachers with all Books adopted by the State Board of Education, at introductory rates (one-half retail price,) for cash only.

HOTEL ARRIVALS,

THE H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE, SEPTEMBER 1.

10½ o'clock P. M.

Orttlenden & Co., Proprietors.

L O Johnson, Sav.		E M Anderson, Ga.	
C C Richards, Ga.		P M DeLeon, Ga.	
L L Watters, Md.		G Schaub, S C.	
N M Marks, Ala.		J Christy, N O.	
F C Marks, Hilleboro,		J D McDuff, Md.	
W P Dickinson, Ala.		A A Winn, Ga.	
Mrs R H Rawlings, Ala.		T H Williams, city.	
G B Kirtz & w, city.		M J Atkins, Cuthbert.	
E S Thomas, Ga.	"	W M Tumlin,	"
B F Routh, Macon,		W Ball & lady, N O.	
J F Wiggins, Maine,		Miss E Ball,	"
O C Lord,	"	Miss A Ball,	"
Mrs J O Baker, S C.		Miss E Ball,	"
Miss Ida Baker,	"	Harry Ball,	"
L Moss, S C.		T D Ryan, Ga.	
R Steiner, Augusta,		Mrs M A Battrell, Ga.	
C S Maine, Toledo,		Dr Connally, Albany,	
S S Harvey, Ala.		J L Acee, Columbus,	
J W Davis, Augusta,		J W Clarke & w, Ga.	
P L Cohen,	"	Miss M Schaub, Ga.	
C W Kenedy, Ala.		Miss L Schaub, Ga.	
W D Hightower, Ala.		B H Hill, Athens,	
R Toombs, Washington,		W L Mitchell,	"
M Heymon, Americus,		R C Roberts, Ga.	
W Price, Macon,		B H Stokley, Lexington,	
S Heyman city,		C C Kiser, Marietta,	
W B Whitmore, Ga.		Alderman C W Wells, city,	
W L Goodwin, Ga.		C W Motes, Athens,	
P C Morton & w, Ga.		W Jones, Nashville,	
Miss M E Morton, Ga.		G W Haslon, Sav,	
F S Fitch, Griffin,		F Stubbs, La.	

Local and Business Notices.

W. H. BROTHERTON sells White Musquito Nets at 85 cents. Ladies' genuine Kid Saratoga Slippers and the prettiest Cloth Shoe in Atlanta at $2 50. Gents' Calf Boots $3. White Lawn 20 cents. Buff Lawn 15 cents. sep2—d1t

FOR RENT—A large Store Room in CONSTITUTION Building, on first floor—cheap. Apply at CONSTITUTION Business office.

aug31—dtf

M. BUICK will have a large lot of Lumber in Thursday, August 31. Can fill Ash, Poplar and Walnut bills. Lumber Yard—Hunter street, opposite West Point Depot aug10—deod3m

J. S. WILLSON sells the Caryville coal. Large lump Bituminous, same as the Coal Creek, out of the same vein, in the same mountain, and only a short distance from the Coal Creek Mines; and as cheap as the cheapest. aug 6-sun thus thur 1m

THE LONDON BOARDING HOUSE, BY MRS. W. GRANT.—First-class Boarding House, Whitehall street, between Mitchell and Peters streets.

Day Boarders, per week	$4 50
Transient, with Lodging	1 00

☞ The London is the place to drop in and get a good meal.

Meals at all hours.

aug29—deod1 w

LOUIS SAVARESE, wholesale dealer in Fresh and Saltwater Fish of all kinds, Shad, Oysters, Terrapin, Game, Vegetables, Fruit, and other Produce, 115 Bay Lane, Savannah, Georgia. All orders punctually attended to. Terms cash on delivery. Can be found next door to Jno. Peel's Bakery, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

aug29—1f

MCCUTCHEON'S CHEROKEE INDIAN BITTERS.—This valuable Indian Remedy is Tonic, Alterative, Laxative, Bitter, and powerfully Diuretic; a certain Remedy in all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs. We have confirmed these assertions by much experience and very extensive observation, and can therefore recommend it to the sick, with all the confidence which a knowledge of these facts inspires.

For sale by REDWINE & FOX.

aug12—d3m

ONE TRIAL SUFFICES to prove that Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder is superior in every respect to any other ever manufactured. It is put up in ¼, ½, 1 and 5 pound cans, which contain that quantity of powder by actual net weight, while the majority of Baking Powders offered fall short from one-eight to one-half of what is represented. Ask your grocer for Dooley's, and you will not be satisfied with any other. Manufactured by Dooley & Brother, 69 New Street, New York.

aug15—1w

WE are Agents for the Battle Creek Coal Mines, and are prepared to furnish Coal for grates or steam, by car load, delivered in Atlanta, at 23½ cents per bushel, or at 18 cents on cars at Chattanooga. This Coal is the best offered in our market, and this is the time to buy your Coal for winter.

july7—dtf ANDERSON, PATTON & Co.

Chattanooga, Tenn.

REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT. ON FORMER PRICES.—Eiseman & Bro., are offering immense bargains in Summer Clothing. Owing to the lateness of the season they have determined to reduce their stock, in order to make room and prepare for the fall trade. Their variety is almost endless; their styles unequaled, and gentlemen who desire fashionable and elegant garments, should not fail togive them a call.

aug5— april29—dtf

Marriage in High Life.—Hanleiter's Book Bindery and Blank Book Manufactory has been conjoined to, and forms part of, the Plantation Publishing Company's establishment, which is located in the new Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta, corner of Peachtree, and presents a **Terrible Temptation** to all in want of anything in the way of PRINTING, BINDING OR RULING.

aug22-tf

PEEL'S RESTAURANT.—This popular resort is still open to the public. Everything nice can be had here. The bar is supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. Confectioneries and fruits of all kind. All orders must be accompanied with the cash. apr27-d1y

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR has no equal as a preventive or cure.

aug29—d&w1w

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. D. O. C. HEERT has resumed the practice of his profession, and tenders his Professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and the surrounding country, in MEDICINE, SURGERY and CONFINEMENT CASES. ☞ Office on Marietta street, opposite the Trremont House, where he can be found at all times, except when professionally engaged.

aug27-d1w

A Card.

TO MEET the demands of an increasing wholesale business we have secured large and commodious store rooms in the Kimball House, fronting on Decatur street, nearly opposite House & Marsh and Silvey & Dougherty, which we will occupy on 1st October next, and where we will be glad to receive our friends and customers.

With these increased facilities for doing a wholesale Drug Business, and with a large and well assorted stock we can and will offer superior inducements to the trade.

Until 1st October we will sell our present stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, etc., at reduced prices. PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.

aug26-d1m

The Livest, Best, Cheapest.

THE RURAL SOUTHERNER.

A LARGE Twenty-four page Agricultural and Family Monthly. Edited by SAM'L A. ECHOLS.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM.

Address ECHOLS & WILSON,

aug29—d1m Publishers.

The Vibrator Churn,

One of the most Ingenius Inventions of the Age.

FROM this date we have the exclusive agency for the sale of this Churn in Georgia.

We invite an inspection of the Vibrator Churn.

ECHOLS & WILSON,

aug28—d1m Broad street, (by the Bridge.)

Coal! Coal! Coal!

40,000 BUSHELS SODDY CREEK COAL the best in East Tennessee, delivered on the cars at Chattanooga, at eighteen (18) cents per bushel. Liberal terms made with dealers.

J. H. COKER,

Market Street, between 4th and 5th streets,

aug22—d1m Chattanooga, Tenn.

Turnip seed,

FRESH AND GENUINE.

ALL Varieties at

ECHOLS & WILSON,

aug22—d1m Broad Street (by the Bridge.)

BUY

YOUR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

MACHINERY,

Grass Seeds and Garden Seeds,

AT ECHOLS & WILSON'S.

WE deal with manufacturers and producers—pay Cash, sell for Cash—and cannot be undersold. Call on ECHOLS & WILSON.

aug22—d1m

FOR SALE,

THREE-EIGHTHS INTEREST IN THE COLUMBUS STEAM PLANING MILLS.

For further information, apply to

aug4—d1m R. J. MOSES.

THE SECOND TERM

OF THE

The Sixth Annual Session

OF THE

McDonough St. Female School

WILL COMMENCE

Wednesday, September 6th,

AND END

Friday, December 22d, 1871.

ALL the branches of a liberal ENGLISH EDUCATION are taught, with LATIN, GERMAN, FRENCH, MUSIC, DRAWING, and PAINTING.

Miss Laura A. Haygood,

PRINCIPAL

M'lle E. Sterchi,

TEACHER OF FRENCH, GERMAN, & PAINTING.

Mrs. G. B. Haygood,

TEACHER OF PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

W. L. Hensler,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC.

aug27-d6t

University High School,

Atlanta, Ga.

THE Exercises of this School will be resumed in the basement of the Oglethorpe University Building, corner of Washington and Mitchell streets, on MONDAY, the 11th, of September, 1871.

PROF. J. A. RICHARDSON, A. M.,

Late of the Atlanta High School, Principal.

Terms reasonable. aug29-d1f

Dissolution Notice.

THE firm of H. H. WITT & CO. has this day been dissolved.

G. C. DENO

Has purchased the Stock of FAMILY GROCERIES, and will continue the business at their Old Stand on Peachtree Street.

All the debts of the firm will be settled by H. H. Witt. H. H. WITT,

aug29-d1w G. C. DENO.

Echols & Wilson,

WILL MAIL their large and handsomely illustrated

CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST,

Postage prepaid to applicants.

aug28—d1m

300 Bushels Red Clover.

100 Bushels Timothy.

300 Bushels Ky. Blue Grass,

200 Bushels Orchard Grass,

Sapling and Alsike Clover.

THESE Seed were purchased directly from the growers, are guaranteed fresh and pure.

ECHOLS & WILSON,

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,

Broad street (by the Bridge.)

aug28—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.

THIS INSTITUTION offers the accumulated advantages of over 10 years of successful experience. Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of a corps of more than 20 professors and teachers.

For circulars, apply to JOHN H. WILLARD,

aug23-d3m Troy, N. Y.

Copartnership Notice.

H. H. WITT

AND

C. E. McCULLOCH

HAVING formed a copartnership, have opened an office in Lime street, opposite Clark & Co., between A. C. Kinsey and R. P. R. Rankin's, they intend doing strictly a Commission Business, making Cotton, Produce a Specialty. They are agents for the celebrated ALBATROSS FERTILIZER. Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

aug31-d1w H. H. WITT & CO.

Savannah Standard will Publish for 30 days at this Office at 50 cents per hundred.

aug30-2tif

J. W. FISKE,

99 Chambers Street, CORNER OF CHURCH. NEW YORK,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK,

FOUNTAINS, VASES,

Statuary, Deers, Dogs, Lions, Setters, Chairs,

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

Lawn and Garden Ornaments.

GALVANISED WIRE FENCE, for Farms, Lawns, Hemeries, etc.

CRESTINGS FOR MANSARD ROOFS, a large variety of new and desirable patterns.

IRON STABLE FIXTURES, of the most approved designs.

IRON AND WIRE RAILINGS, for Public and Private Dwellings, Banks, Offices, Counters, etc.

COPPER WEATHER VANES,

Over 250 new and original patterns.

☞ ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ALL WORK WHEN REQUIRED. ☜

☞ Specimen Fountains to be seen at the Governor's Mansion, The Kimball House, and residence of Colonel John M. Clarke, McDonough street, Atlanta.

99 Chambers Street, Corner of Church,

july23—d3m NEW YORK.

BUY YOUR BOOTS & SHOES

—OF—

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,

WHERE YOU WILL FIND SUCH AS ARE PARTICULARLY ADAPTED FOR THE

JOBBING TRADE.

ALSO, FINEST GOODS FOR RETAIL, AT

REASONABLE PRICES!

Custom Work a Specialty.

aug27— feb28—d1y

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE."

ON HAND, AT REDUCED PRICES,

20,000 POUNDS STRICTLY PURE ST. LOUIS LEAD.

10,000 POUNDS MEDIUM AND LOWER GRADES OF LEAD.

5,000 POUNDS OF THE RICHEST AND PUREST COLORS FOR FANCY AND CONTRAST PAINTING.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Linseed and Lubricating Oils.

Turpentine, Varishes, Etc., Ever Before Kept.

1,000 BOXES FRENCH AND AMERICAN WINDOW GLASS, OF ALL SIZES and QUALITIES.

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

ALL OF WHICH WE ARE OFFERING AS LOW AS THE LOWEST, AND GUARANTEE TO BE AS SOLD.

"Soda Water"

Is now in great demand and dispensed with RICHER FLAVORS and more ICE than at any time in the past. "TRY IT."

aug12—june7-d1f REDWINE & FOX.

McBRIDE & SMITH

Manufacturers

OF

ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS

CARRIAGES,

PHAETONS,

ROCKAWAYS,

BUGGIES,

LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, ETC.

THEY keep constantly on hand a large stock of the above named vehicles. Also, a large stock of

HARNESS.

They have in their employ the best and largest number of FIRST-CLASS Mechanics employed by any Carriage Factory South of Louisville or Baltimore, and consequently are prepared to

DEFY COMPETITION

in regard to quality or price.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY EXECUTED.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Give us a trial.

McBRIDE & SMITH,

June21—d3m 35 Decatur Street.

TAX NOTICE.

THE BOOKS of the Tax Receiver and Collector of the city will be closed on the first day of September. All those that do not give in by that time will certainly be DOUBLE TAXED.

The Tax Ordinance of the city requires all persons living in the city, on the first day of April, between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five, except Ministers of the Gospel, Railroad Conductors, Engineers, and active Firemen, shall give in and pay a tax of Three Dollars for street purposes; also, a tax of One Dollar for school purposes. This tax extends up to sixty years of age.

The Tax Ordinance of the city also requires all persons owning land, town lots, negroes, carriages or other property, on the first day of April, except those that are owned and used as Livery property, or for licensed wagons and drays, shall be given in and paid for at the same time.

The Ordinance further requires all persons having money, bonds, stocks or solvent debts, on the first of April, shall give in and pay to the city one per cent.; and 6 per cent. on all gold watches, pianos, pleasure carriages, household or kitchen furniture, pictures, or other similar instruments, over and above Three Hundred Dollars, shall give in and pay thereon.

The Ordinance makes it my duty to issue executions against all defaulters as above for double tax.

JOHN THOMAS,

aug26—dtf Receiver and Collector.

To Contractors.

SEALED proposals will be received until Tuesday, Sept. 12, at 12 M., for building a Powder Magazine. Plans and specifications can be had at the office of the undersigned. Two of them to be built in the First Ward, one on Peters street, and one on Foster street, and one in the Fifth Ward in lower part of the Tanyard, on Hunter street. All to be built of brick, and to be completed by the 15th of October next. The right reserved to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

E. H. WALKER,

aug31-3td Chairman.

J. L. HOWELL,

Secretary.

THE ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA R. R.

—IS—

COMPLETED,

And forms, with its

CONNECTIONS,

—THE—

SHORTEST LINE

—FROM—

Chattanooga

—TO—

MOBILE, NEW ORLEANS, VICKSBURG,

—AND ALL—

SOUTHWESTERN CITIES.

BY the completion of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, first-class Passenger Fare has been reduced to the following figures:

Chattanooga to Meridian	$13 20
" to Mobile	17 70
" to New Orleans	22 25
" to Jackson, Miss	17 60
" to Vicksburg	19 60
" to Monroe, La	24 60

Magnificent cars of the latest and most approved patterns are run on all trains.

This is the only route that runs PULLMAN'S PALACE DAY and SLEEPING CARS from Chattanooga to Mobile and New Orleans.

THROUGH TICKETS FOR SALE AT THE

PRINCIPAL RAILROAD & HOTEL OFFICES

The attention of Freight Shippers is called to this

SHORT LINE

As offering the advantages of speedy transit between the North and South for all descriptions of freight, with rates always as low as by any other route.

Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities North and South.

WILLIAM HEAVY,

General Freight and Passenger Agent.

J. C. STANTON, General Supt.

june28—dtf

Atlanta Select School

For Girls,

Pryor Street, near Wesley Chapel,

WILL open MONDAY, September 4th. Terms $5 00 per month. Lessons in Music extra. Pupils received for quarter or session. No pupil received for less than three months.

For circulars apply to

aug26-d1w O. ROCKWELL, Principal.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD,

ATLANTA, GA., JUNE 28, 1871.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN,

From Atlanta, Ga.

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP, after Saturday, July 1st, will be sold to Lookout Mountain and return, good for ten days, at $4 00. Children between five and twelve years of age, half price. Tickets can be had at the Ticket Office, Union Passenger Depot, Atlanta.

E. W. WALKER,

Master Transportation.

june30—dtm (tuthfri)

JOHN STEPHENS. **JOHN H. FLYNN.**

STEPHENS & FLYNN,

General Commission Merchants

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, HAY, LIME, GUANO, SALT

LIQUORS, ETC.,

HAVE NOW IN STORE, and offer to the trade:

100,000 lbs. Bacon—clear and rib sides,	40,000 lbs. Sugar cured and Canvas Hams,
150,000 lbs. Dry Salt Meat, clear rib rides,	100,000 lbs. Dry Salt Meat, clear sides,
6,000 bushels choice White Corn,	1,000 bushels choice Yellow Corn,
1,000 barrels Flour—best brands.	

In addition, we are receiving, daily, heavy consignments of Produce from Tennessee and the Western States, and propose keeping full stocks at uniform low prices.

Being Agents for the sale of the celebrated Flour made at the Lebanon, Kentucky, Mills, we are receiving daily and have in store, the

**"R. E. Lee," "Lebanon XXXX," and "Belle

The Constitution, Daily

KNOWEST THOU THE LAND.

BY RUTH HALTER.

Knowest thou the land where the waiting of earth
That hasteth us for aye through this valley of shadows,
Are changed to the anthems and peace of the blest—
Where the flowers of bliss are forever in bloom,
In a clime never swept by the storm-clouds of this,
Where the darkness and fears that environ the tomb,
Are remembered no more in perfection of bliss,
Knowest thou that land?

Knowest thou the land where the clear crystal river,
For the healing of nations whose sweet waters are,
Flows fast from the throne of the merciful Giver,
Through meadows of asphodel, immortal and fair,
Where a glory of music, undreamed of on earth,
Divinest of harmonies pulse through the soul,
And far through the regions of infinite space,
The anthems of angels eternally roll,
Knowest thou that land?

Knowest thou that land where the loved and the lost one
All stainless and pure as the morning's first dew,
And safe in the arms of a pitying Saviour,
A glorified angel is waiting for you;
'Tis the land of Beulah, the land of delight,
Beyond the Delectable Mountains it lies,
Hear chiming and fair to the world-wearied sight,
Doth its powers of Peace in their beauty arise—
Heaven is that land.

Trifles.

Ready money—Quicksilver.

Meet for repentance—Tough beef.

A noose paper—a marriage certificate.

The original queue-klux—The Chinese.

A doctor's epitaph—"He saw them all out."

When a girl falls in love with an Irishman, her heart goes pity Pat.

Laugh at no man for his pug nose—you can't tell what may turn up.

A good many tradesmen only give fifteen ounces to the pound—it is a weigh they have.

"I live in Julia's eyes," said an affected dandy, in Coleman's hearing. "Don't wonder at it," replied George, "since I observe she had a *sty* in them when I saw her.

"Will you dake someding?" said a German teetotaller to a friend, while standing near a saloon. "I don't care if I do," was the reply. "Well, den, let's dake a valk."

"My love," said Mrs. Maydup to her spouse on returning from her drive, "I have had a hair breadth escape." "Ah!" said the brute, "you were well out of danger, if it was the same hair that you've got on now."

"I don't miss my church so much as you suppose," said a lady to her minister, who had called upon her during her illness, "for I make Betsey sit at the window as soon as the bell begins to chime, and tell who are going to church, and whether they have got anything new."

"You must not occupy this birth with your boots on," fiercely said a steamboat captain to a passenger, to which the latter serenely replied, "Oh, never mind, Capt., I guess the bugs won't hurt 'em much. They're an old pair. Let 'em rip, any how."

Dr. Ed. Newton's Last.

Mr. Smith, from Arkansaw, carelessly enters a store in New York—looks around rather bewildered.

Merchant advances politely and says:

"Look at some goots dis mornin sare? I sell you mine goots so cheap as never vas."

(Smith, looking up and about.) "I don't think this is the place. I used to trade about here somewhere, but this don't look like the store."

"Oh, mine dear Sare, dis is de place—vat is yourn name, Sare?"

"Smith, of Arkansaw. I haven't been in the city for several years, but I used to trade about here somewhere."

"Oh, mine goot friend, Mr. Smit, I does remember you so vell. I did sell you mine goots; oh, yas, I sell 'em so sheap."

(Smith, still doubtful about the location.) "But this don't look like the store; it was a small wood store where I traded."

"Oh, mine goot friend, we take dat store down and build dish store. We sell goots so many and so sheap we cannot do any more mid dat store."

(Smith, still suspicious.) "But you don't look like the man; he was a larger man than you are."

"Oh, mine dear Sare; Oh, mine Got! (crying) Oh, de droubles. Oh, mine brudder, mine poor brudder, Misther Smith, from Arkansaw, mine poor brudder vat sell you mine goots so sheap is dead. Mine brudder sell you mine goots. He vas so large, he look so vell. Oh, mine poor brudder. (Very much affected.) He tell me joost ven he die—he say "Yacob, if mine friend Mesther Smit of Arkansaw, come here again he is mine friend, and you moost sell him yourn goots so sheap as never vas."

"Mine dear Sare, vot goots you like to buy?"

[*The Fair Thing.*

☞ The Commercial Advertiser's Saratoga correspondent got into a sweet mess the other day. He landed at the depot in the night. He got mixed up with twenty-five married ladies, seven spinsters and four girls, all waiting for their husbands, cousins and lovers. By accident these women mistook him for their "own." And—but let him tell how it was himself:

"Now, a dear, sweet, liquid-eyed brunette threw her arms wildly around me. 'O, Eugene, why did you not write oftener?' she sobbed and then she sank sweetly on my bosom.

I said, 'weep not, Julia,' and then I kissed sweetly twenty-two times. It was delicious. It made me think of my first wife and my college days at Yale. A ponderous maiden approached—dressed *decolleté*, hair *a la pompadour*. She took me in her arms and whispered, 'O, Charles, did you bring my beautiful dog—did you?'

"Madame, my name is not Charles, and I hate dogs. I'd killed every d—d—," but she fell fainting at my feet.

"A sweet golden-haired blonde now took my hand. She pressed it gently, saying, 'dear Albert, I know it is you, and I am so glad to see you! You won't dance with Lizzie Smith, now, will you? Now, do promise me!' I said I wouldn't. Then she held her cheek close to mine. It was warm with love's young hope and pure, sweet affection. We were very happy. None but a wicked man would have brought sadness to this sweet, pure young heart—full of confidence, warm with virgin affection, and beautiful splendid girlishness.

"Do you still love me, Albert?" she whispered.

"Undoubtedly," I replied.

"How much, darling."

"A heap."

"O, I am too happy," she murmured, as she twisted her fingers in my auburn hair, and held me in a sweet embrace.

SHARP SHOOTING.—The following dialogue on "sharp shooting" quietly took place between a Virginia and a Yankee picket:

"I say, can you fellows shoot?"

"Wall, I reckon we can, some. Down in Mississippi we can knock a bumble-bee off a thistle-bow at a hundred yards."

"Oh, that ain't nothing to the way we shows up in Varmont. I belonged to a military thet with a hundred men in each company, and we went for a practice every week. The cap'n draws us up in single file, and sets a caler barrel rolling down the hill, and each man takes his shot at the bung-hole as it turns up. It is afterwards examined, and if there is a shot that didn't go in the bung-hole the number who missed it is expelled. I belonged to the company ten years, and there ain't been nobody expelled yet."

☞ An old weather-beaten trapper was sauntering along the main street of one of the Western villages, on a recent Sunday. Passing in front of a meeting-house, for a moment he went in and took his seat among the congregation. The preacher was discoursing on the text of "The sheep and the wolves," and had evidently been drawing a contrast between the two subjects. Says he: "We who assemble here from week to week, and do our duty, and perform our part, are the sheep; now, who then are the wolves?" A pause, and our friend, the trapper, rose to his feet. "Wa'al, stranger, rather than see the play stopped, I will be the wolves." The preacher pronounced the benediction at once. *Index.*

☞ Mr. Newdegate, a member of Parliament, has a peculiarity which is wholly unnecessary in Congress. It consists in getting his speeches reported by a gentleman in the gallery, whom he retains for that purpose. The stenographer knows when the honorable gentleman wants to have his burning oratory transferred to paper by Mr. Newdegate placing his hat on the floor beside him; that is the prearranged signal. When he doesn't wish to be reported he keeps his hat in his hand.

☞ The St. Louis Times says that President Grant intends to reside on his $200,000 farm near that city, to which the New York Sun responds: "This will be agreeable news to this country. General Grant will leave Washington for that farm on the 5th of March, 1873."

Hotels.

McDOWELL HOUSE,
NEWNAN, Ga.
W. M. RIVERS,
Owner and Proprietor.
TABLE always supplied with the best the market affords. Rates to suit the times. Within 25 miles of Fayetteville in Georgia. june16-3f

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
TALLADEGA, ALABAMA.
Colonel R. MOSS, Proprietor.
feb18-4tf

TIBBS HOUSE,
J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
DALTON.....GEORGIA
aug1-4tf.

1871. SIMS HOUSE, 1871.
BY P. B. HALL.
LaGRANGE.....GEORGIA
jan7—4tf

PYE HOUSE,
NEW ROME,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA.
ED. CALLOWAY, Clerk. W. H. WILSON, Proprietor.
oct20-4tf

SNELLING HOUSE,
GREENESBORO.....GEORGIA
Mrs. M. J. A. SNELLING.
MEALS at all hours. Porters will attend the trains regularly. feb15-4tf

BARTOW HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor.
NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters; clean rooms.
aug13-4tf

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,
KINGSTON.....GEORGIA
june13-4tf

NATIONAL HOTEL
J. F. HAYES, Proprietor
Railroad Avenue, near the Depot.
CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE.
nov21—4ly

BACON HOUSE,
LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA
JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.
A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep15-4tf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA.....GEORGIA
HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for.
june30-4tf FLETCHER & FREYER

CHOICE HOTEL,
Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,
ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.
Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.
dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

Hammett House,
JONESBORO.....GEORGIA.
THIS HOTEL is the regular Eating House on the Macon and Western Railroad, and is convenient to the central part of the town. The house has been remodelled and refitted, and the table will always be supplied with the best fare which the market affords. The Proprietor will spare no pains or expense to please his patrons. Mrs. Hammett, (formerly Mrs. Watkins, of Palmetto,) is connected with the house, and would be pleased to see her old friends.
aug23— jan15—dtf

RAILROAD EATING HOUSE,
GRANTVILLE.....GEORGIA.
THE traveling public over the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, will find a very desirable and well kept HOTEL at the above place, and which cannot be surpassed in point of good living.
Mr. J. G. Trammell, the Proprietor, assisted by his estimable lady, has had an experience of over thirty years in Hotel keeping, and they are determined to spare no pains or expense to give entire satisfaction.
may22-dtf

TENNESSEE HOUSE,
Rome, Ga.
J. A. STANSBURY, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel is located within Twenty Steps of the Railroad Platform, and convenient to the business portion of town. Servants polite and attentive to their respective duties. All baggage handled free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Jan20-dtf

HEARD HOUSE,
LaGrange.....Georgia.
BY GEORGE C. HEARD.
THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-dtf

ECKLES HOUSE
AND
LIVERY STABLE,
SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.
Rates of Board:
Single Meal.....50 cents | Per Day.....$ 2 00
Per Week.....$8 00 | Per Month.....20 00
Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
June9-dtf

CAMP HOUSE,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
MR. J. B. CAMP having withdrawn from the management of the PYE HOUSE, and taken charge of THE PROCTOR HOUSE, would inform his friends and former patrons in all parts of the country, and the traveling public generally, that he is prepared to give ample accommodation and satisfaction to all who may make his Hotel their headquarters. The house has been substantially refitted and improved, and will now compare with the best.
A Stage Line to Indian Springs connects with this House and there is also a livery and sale stable attached. Travelers will find at this house a regular Old Virginia Welcome. J. B. CAMP, Proprietor.
oct20-dtf

PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
THE undersigned has taken charge of the above house and takes this method of informing the traveling public, that the house has been thoroughly renovated and refitted in every department, and he is determined that his table shall be supplied with all the luxuries the market will afford, that no pains nor money will be spared to render his guests comfortable, pleasant and happy while they remain with him. Competent and polite servants will attend his table, and efficient porter will be in attendance at the arrival of each train of cars. He only asks the traveling public to give him a call to be convinced. When the train arrives, hand your checks to the PYE HOUSE porter. Adjoining the house I will have a Bathing saloon, hot or cold, at all hours.
WILLIAM SCARBROUGH, Proprietor.
june16-d3m

GLOBE HOTEL,
LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,
HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.
Travelers will find at this House a regular
OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,
And board as cheap as could be asked for.
The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.
Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.
I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
june9-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

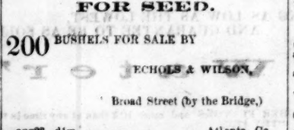
KING HOUSE,
STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.,
On the Georgia Railroad, 16 miles from Atlanta.
THE above new and elegant Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and is now open to the public. The house is elegantly fitted up, and every arrangement has been made which can conduce to the comfort of guests. As a
Summer Resort
no place in the South is superior; situated at the foot of Stone Mountain, perhaps the greatest natural curiosity in the United States, with grand scenery, fine water, including a
MINERAL SPRING,
an analysis of which shows it to possess wonderful healing properties. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests, and the table supplied with the very best the market affords. Trains leave Atlanta for Stone Mountain twice every day and return. As a point for Excursions from Atlanta, and all towns along the Georgia Railroad, it offers superior inducements, or as a healing place for those desiring to be away from the heat and dust of the city, and still be near to business.
RATES OF BOARD:
Per day $2 00; per week 12 00; per month $40 00.
Special arrangements made with families, according to number, and age of children, etc.
MRS. A. S. WHITE, Proprietress.
E. T. WHITE, Manager. April8-dtf

A. J. HARALSON,
COR. MARIETTA AND BROAD STREETS.
General Auction
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture.
Consignments solicited. Cash advances on Consignments for Auction in store.
REFERENCES—Gordon, Wilkie & Co., Bankers, Wall street, Atlanta, Georgia. aug16-d3m

DISSOLUTION.
THE firm of R. Andrews & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. ANDREWS,
Atlanta, July 1, 1871. E. G. MAY.
The business will be continued under the name and firm of C. F. May & Co., at the Old Stand, No. 71 Whitehall street. We shall keep a full supply of Saddlery Hardware, Leather, Findings, and solicit the patronage of the citizens of Atlanta, Ga.
C. F. MAY & CO.
All bills due the firm of R. Andrews & Co. will be settled by the new firm. July1-tf

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.
924 Chestnut St. Philadelphia,
535 Broadway, New York.
OPTICIANS, MATHEMATICAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND IMPORTERS.
Spectacles, Microscopes, Spy Glasses, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Botanical Glasses, Drawing Instruments of Brass and German Silver, Surveying Compasses, Engineers' Transits and Levels, Chains, Tape Measure, Drawing Paper, and Drawing materials of all descriptions.
Magic Lanterns and Slides, Thermometers, Barometers, Hydrometers, Electric Machines, Mounted Coffin Air Pumps, Galvanic Apparatus, &c., &c.
The following Manuals sent on receipt of 10 cents for each part:
Part 1. Mathematical Instruments, 125 pages.
" 2. Optical " 100 "
" 3. Magic Lanterns " 88 "
" 4. Philosophical Instruments, 66 "

MERCHANTS,
Buy Your Crockery and Glass,
No. 47 Peachtree Street,
—FROM—
T. R. RIPLEY,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER.
Established Twenty-One Years.
KEEPS a large stock. Occupies three floors 120 by 30 feet.
Inducements offered to Cash buyers equal to any market. aug3-d3m

Fine Coffin Warerooms.

On Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.
CONSTANTLY on hand a large lot of Fine METALIC CASES. Also, a large number of Walnut and Poplar Coffins. In connection with the Warerooms, there is a fine HEARSE; also Carriages to attend Funerals.
☞ Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders.
WM. WOOD,
June5-d1y Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

Sale's Auction House,
ROME.....GEORGIA.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Returns made as desired. J. A. SALE, Proprietor.
REFERENCE—J. H. James, Banker, Atlanta; Meador & Bro., Atlanta; Silver & Dougherty, Atlanta; Moore & Marsh, Atlanta; Cox & Hill, Atlanta.
Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

GEO. N. LESTER, Marietta, Ga. WM. S. THOMSON, Atlanta, Ga.
LESTER & THOMSON,
Attorneys at Law,
ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA.
WILL give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.
OFFICE—In "The R. I. Kimball House," Nos. 16 and 18, directly over H. I. Kimball's office, fronting on the Railroad.
Geo. N. Lester will continue to reside at Marietta, and will attend the courts as heretofore, but will generally be AT THE OFFICE. march3-dtf

Blue Mountain Route
VIA
SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD,
AND
Its Connections.
PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6:30 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome 11:20 P. M., making close connections with mail train of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma 10:30 A. M., and at Montgomery, via South and North Alabama Railroad at 10:15 A. M.
The road has been recently equipped, and the equipment is all entirely new. Coaches not surpassed by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.
Pullman's Palace Cars
Run through from Rome to Montgomery without change. Passengers for Montgomery, Selma and points beyond, arriving in Atlanta by evening trains.
AVOID A NIGHT'S DELAY
in Atlanta by taking this route.
This is the only line out of Atlanta making close and direct connections via Meridian to Jackson, Vicksburg, Monroe and other points in North Louisiana.
Purchase tickets via Kingston at General Ticket office.
☞ BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH
Fare to all points as low as by any other route.
E. G. BARNEY, General Sup't.
JOHN B. PECK, Gen. Pas'r. Agent may30-dtf

Buy the Rust Proof Oat
FOR SEED.
200 BUSHELS FOR SALE BY
ECHOLS & WILSON,
Broad Street (by the Bridge,)
aug23—d1m Atlanta, Ga.

Chas. Bohnefeld, Undertaker.
INFORMS the people of Atlanta and surrounding country that he keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Metalic Burial Cases, Caskets, and Coffins. Also, STATE AGENT FOR TAYLOR'S PATENT CORPSE PRESERVER, by which bodies are kept for several days in a perfect state of preservation. My personal attention will be given to all orders. Office 68, Whitehall street. Coffin ware room Luckie street. july4-d2m

MARGENIUS A. BELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ATLANTA, - - - - - GEORGIA.
WILL practice in all the Courts—State and Federal—giving to the business of his profession undivided attention. RESPECTFULLY solicits a portion of the public patronage.
☞ Office—front room, over Bell & Hammock's office, Whitehall street. june27-d3m

Commissioners' Sale.
WILL be sold at public outcry, before the Court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit
All that city store house and lot, situated in said city and county, and known as BEARK, COBURN, the same being lots 1 and 2 on the corner of Whitehall and Mitchell streets, in said city, and having a front of thirty-seven feet, more or less, on Mitchell street, and running back from said Mitchell street the same width, one hundred and ten feet, more or less, on Whitehall street. Sold for the purpose of division among the Common owners of said store house and lot, under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of said county directing us to make said sale. This 31st July, 1871.
G. T. DODD,
T. J. HIGHTOWER, Commissioners.
W. R. PHILLIPS,
aug6—d1m

Southern Terra Cotta Works.
THE undersigned are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta work, of the most approved patterns and designs. They will make it to the interest of all parties wishing articles in their line, to call and see them before going elsewhere, as they are determined to push their enterprises, and will guarantee to furnish such articles at lower rates than they can be obtained at any other manufactory in the Southern country. Window Caps, Flower Vases, Fountains, Brackets, Mantelets, etc. ALL KIND OF VITRIFIED STONE SEWER PIPE always on hand.
All are especially invited to call and see our works, which are in Decatur, at the factory on the Flat Shoals road, near Barracks.
J. PELLEGRINI,
E. GIORGI.
april8—d1m

A CARD.
THE undersigned respectfully announces to the public that having withdrawn from the old firm of R. Andrews & Co., he will remain with the firm of C. F. May & Co., where he will be pleased to serve his old friends, and as many new ones as may honor him and the new firm with their patronage. The new firm have found a large assortment of goods and findings in our line. Respectfully, R. ANDREWS.
July 31

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS.
SAIL every Wednesday and Saturday, as [illegible] from
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW
Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.
The Steamers of this line are built expressly for the Atlantic Passenger Trade, and fitted up in every respect with all the modern improvements calculated to insure the safety, comfort, and convenience of passengers.
Passage Rates, Payable in Currency, to Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast or Dublin:
Cabin Return Tickets, $130, covering best accommodation.
Steerage [illegible]
Those wishing to send for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or to DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, Agents for the Line, Atlanta, Ga. Drafts payable Agents Anchor Line, in sums to suit customers. [illegible]

CATALOGUES, GOTTEN UP IN THE MOST approved style at THE CONSTITUTION office.

GRANTVILLE, Ga., April 7, 1871.
Messrs. McBride & Co., Atlanta, Ga.:
We have just marked the Crockery, etc. We are pleased with the bill. Allow us to congratulate you on making such a good selection. Sincerely a pleasure to sell the order for Cutlery at lowest prices.
Truly yours,
GARRETT & ZELLERS.

McBride & Co.,
Manufacturers' Agents
FOR
FRUIT JARS,
Cheapest first-class Jars in the Market.

Atlanta. Flint Glass.
And all Standard Jars, Strictly at Manufacturers' Prices.
500 Crates
Assorted Granite, etc.,
Ware exactly suited to wants of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
Our Own Importation,
IN
ORIGINAL PACKAGE,
containing no
High-Priced Dishes,
OR
UNSALEABLE GOODS.
Will sell for net CASH for $50 per Crate.
apr8-dtf

FIRST PREMIUM
Awarded at Cotton States Fair,
Augusta,

Thomasville Fair, and all Southern Fairs where Exhibited,
1870!
THE SINGER
MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,
CONSTITUTED by the homes of the people, received the Great Award of the Highest Sales, and have left all rivals far behind them, for they sold in 1870, One Hundred and Twenty-seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three Machines.
The Singer Manufacturing Company sold over the Florence Sewing Machine Company..... 110,173 Machines.
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine Company..... 98,943 "
Sold over the Weed Sewing Machine Company..... 92,831 "
Sold over the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company..... 70,431 "
Sold over the Howe Maching Company..... 52,677 "
Sold over the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company..... 44,625 "
It is the most simple and easily regulated Machine now in use.
The shuttle gives an even tension from the full to the empty bobbin.
Makes the most durable, elastic and smooth stitch.
Stitching the softest muslin without drawing it into the feed, and from that to heavy cloth or leather without changing the tension, making it capable of a greater range of work than any other machine made.
We use the straight needle, and it will do more and finer work than the curved needles.
The work moves from you instead of sideways, which is much easier to manage.
For speed and ease of operation it is unequaled.
Our machinery is all protected from dust.
Our corder, tucker, gatherer, quilter, trimmer, fringer, binder, hemmer, braider, feller and embroidery attachment are simple and easily used.
We have the best of silks of our own manufacture at wholesale and retail, of all colors and numbers.
We will place the Singer in your family for a trial with any machine you may wish to try with it.
The sales of our New Family Sewing Machine is steadily increasing, showing its popularity.
The new No. 1 Machine for Tailors and Bootmakers is the best in the market.
Examine before purchasing.
Are now sold on easy terms at the Atlanta Agency.
R. T. SMILLIE, Local Agent,
Corner of S. Broad and W. Alabama streets.
Agents wanted everywhere.
Silk Thread, Needles, Oil, etc., always on hand.
Stitching neatly done.
H. D. HAWLEY,
General Agent for Georgia, South Carolina and Florida. may15-1y

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR!
LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action, health is almost invariably secured. Indigestion, or want of action in the Liver, causes Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, Bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits, or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds of the good and great from all parts of the country will vouch its 1st virtues, viz:
Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia.
Hon. Howell Cobb, of Georgia.
Hon. Gill Shorter, ex Governor of Alabama.
Gen. John B. Gordon.
R. B. Mott, of Columbus, Ga.
are among the hundreds of whom we can refer to.
Price, $1.00. By mail, postage prepaid, $1.25.
Manufactured only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Georgia.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
aprl18—d&wly

A Beautiful House and Lot
FOR SALE.
DESIROUS of changing my business, I have concluded to sell my residence in the flourishing town of Conyers, on the Georgia Railroad.
My place consists of twelve (12) acres of Land, an excellent well of water, all fenced in, about one-half acre of land in a vineyard, and one of the best apple orchards in Middle Georgia.
A more desirable or beautiful residence cannot be found in this part of the State.
Terms easy and reasonable. Apply to
july21-d3m E. V. EDWARDS, Conyers, Ga.

SPRING VILLA
FISH NURSERY.
HAVING arranged with MR. WILLIAM GRENIER to supervise the whole matter of propagating, raising and transporting eggs and adult fish by rail, from my Nursery, at Spring Villa, Cherokee county, Alabama, will be generally ready to ship on or after the 1st of October next, with a guarantee of safe delivery and satisfaction, to any point in the United States. Trout, Bream, Perch, in all their varieties, Bass and Red Horse.
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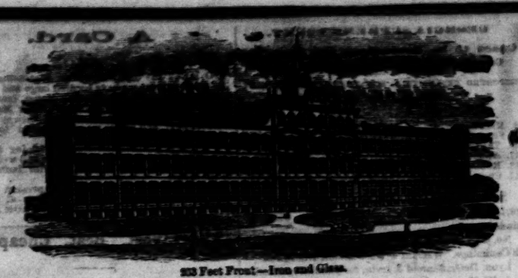
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